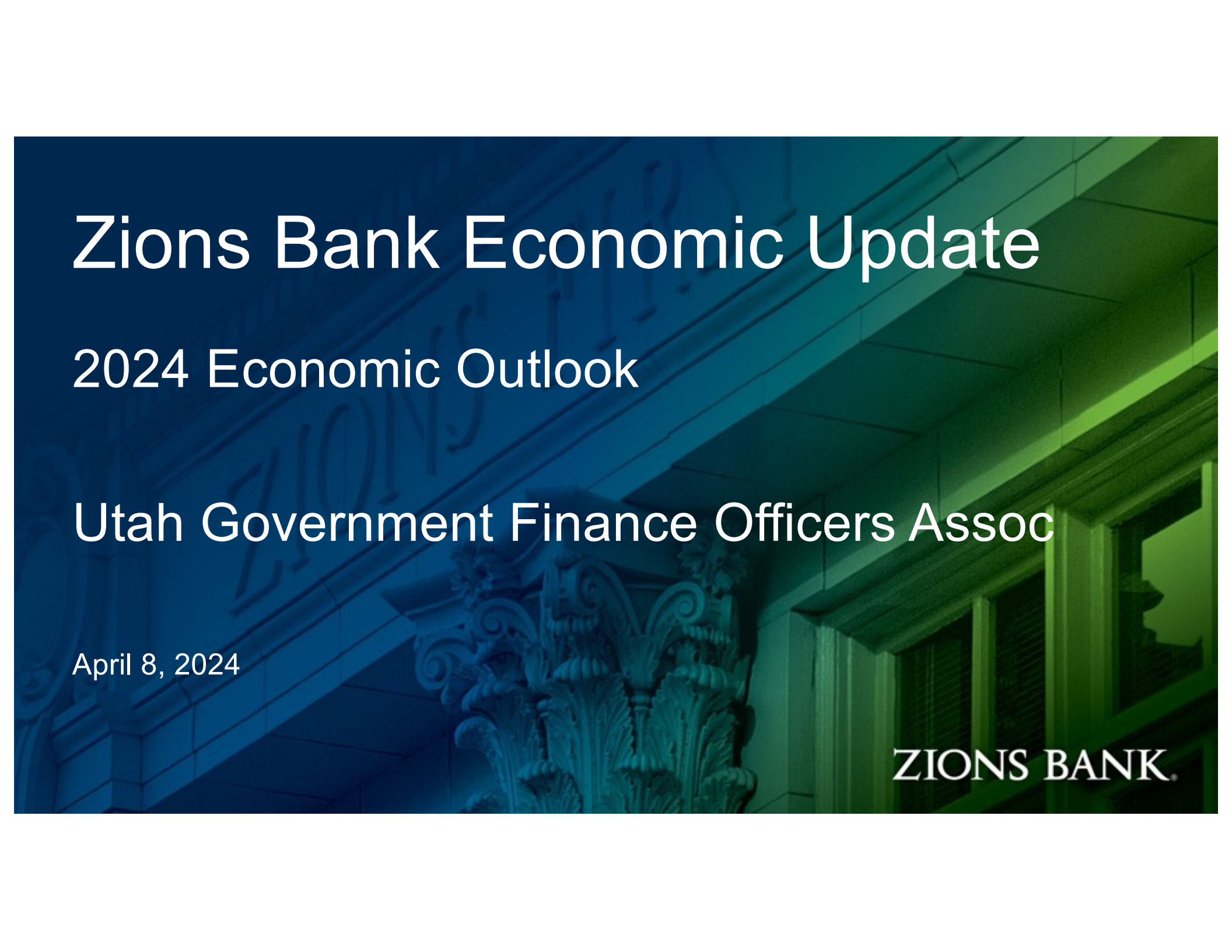


The background of the slide is a photograph of a classical building facade, featuring ornate columns and a pediment. The image is overlaid with a dark blue and green gradient. The text is white and positioned in the upper left and center areas.

Zions Bank Economic Update

2024 Economic Outlook

Utah Government Finance Officers Assoc

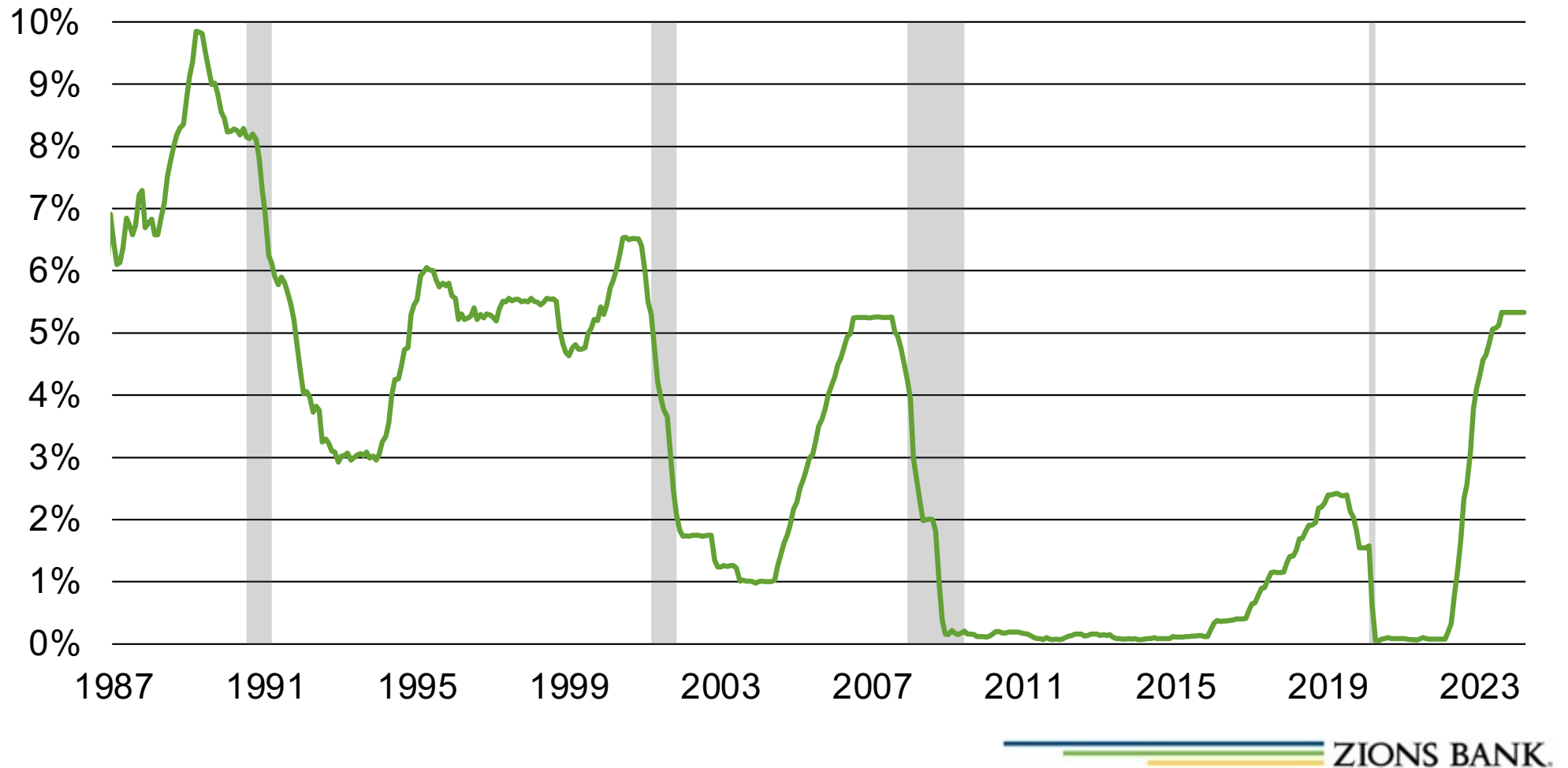
April 8, 2024

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2023 Economic Themes

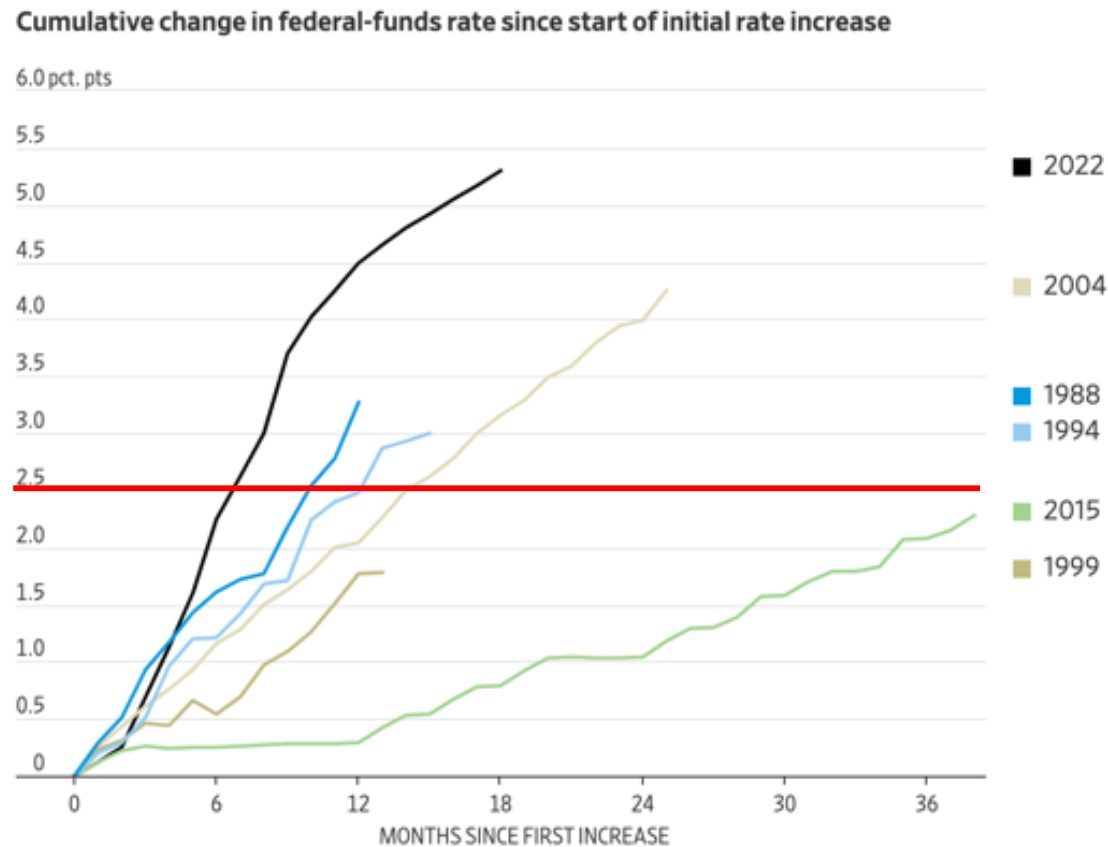
1. The Federal Reserve increased interest rates, causing tighter financial conditions
2. Inflation slowed but prices remain high
3. The labor market softened but is resilient
4. The U.S. economy avoided a recession

Fed Again Held Interest Rates in March



Source: Federal Reserve Board of Governors

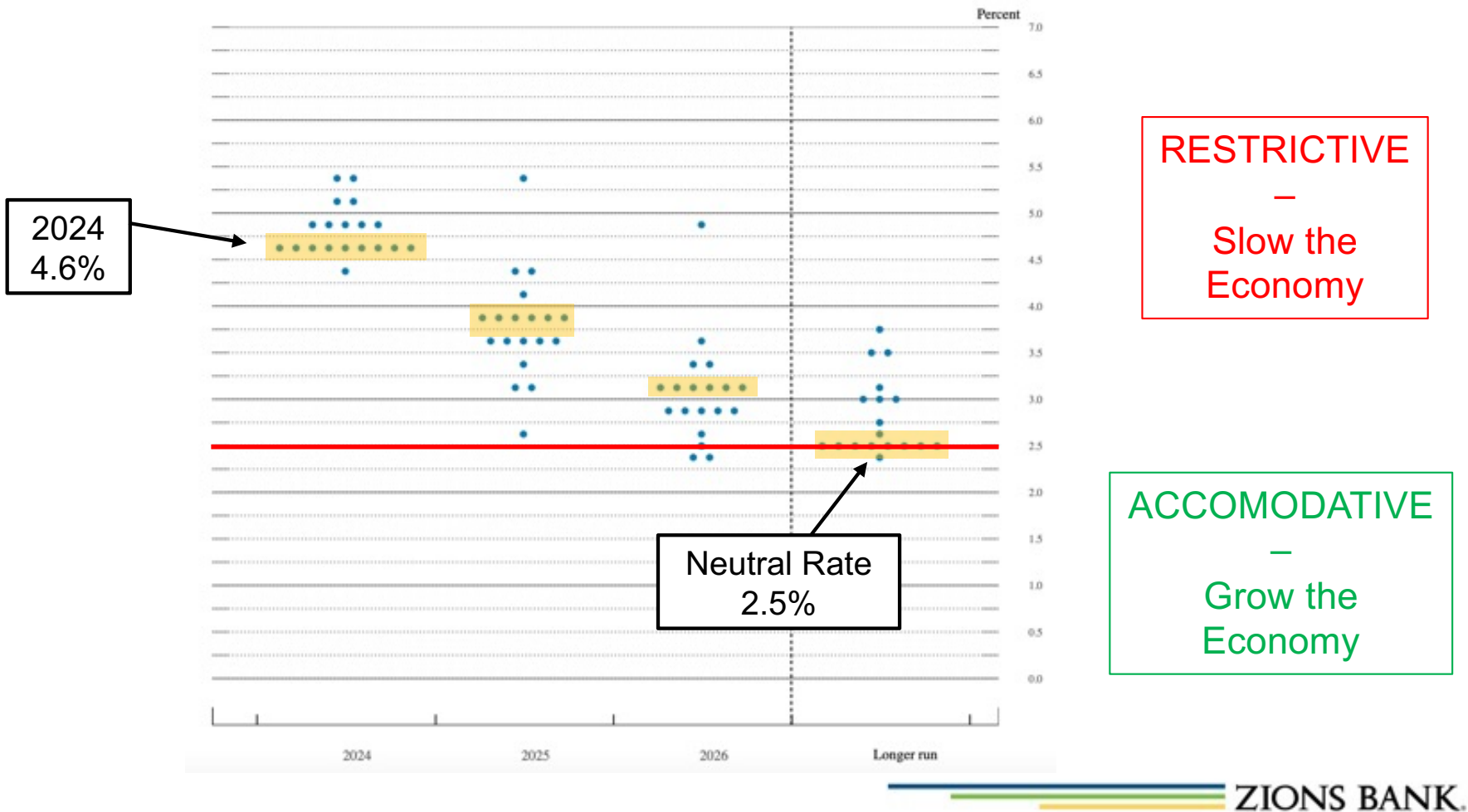
Fed Rate Increases Most Aggressive in Decades



Neutral Rate
2.5%

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Fed Predicting Lower Interest Rates – But When?



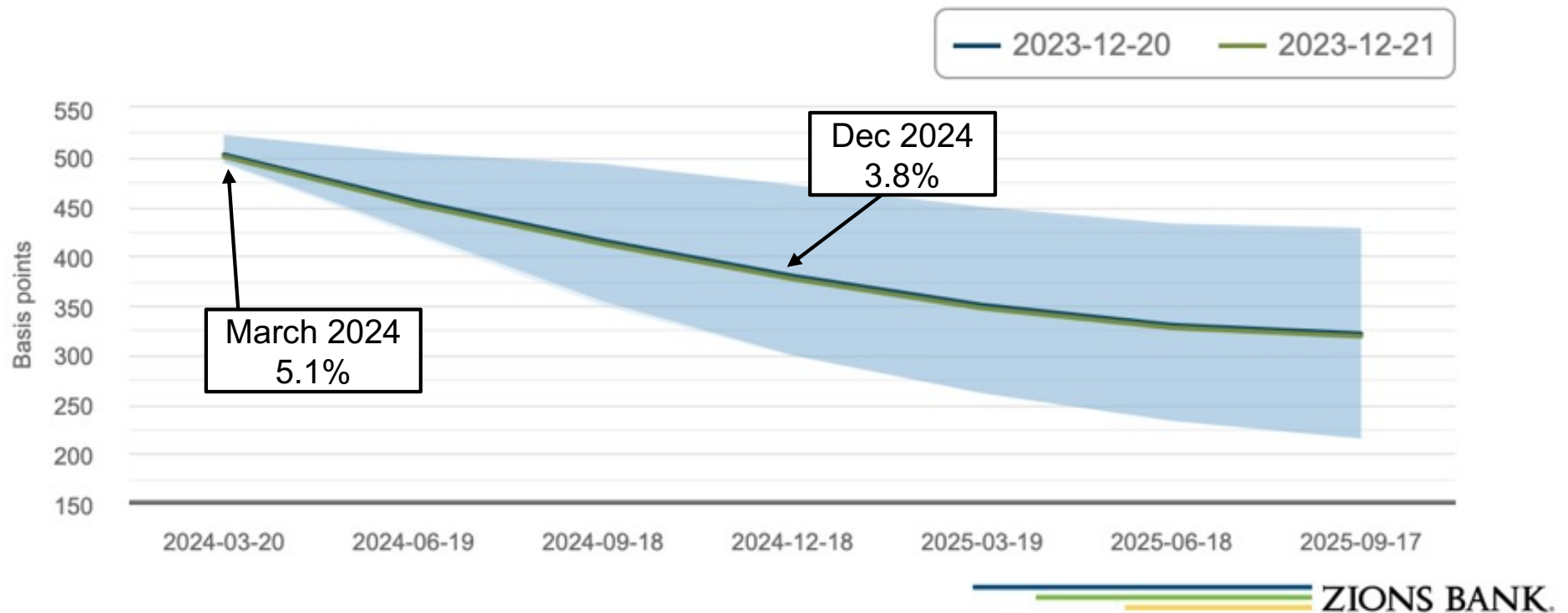
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

Don't Fight the Fed

In December, Markets Expected Even More Rate Cuts

The Expected Three-Month Average SOFR Path

Current target range: 525 - 550 basis points



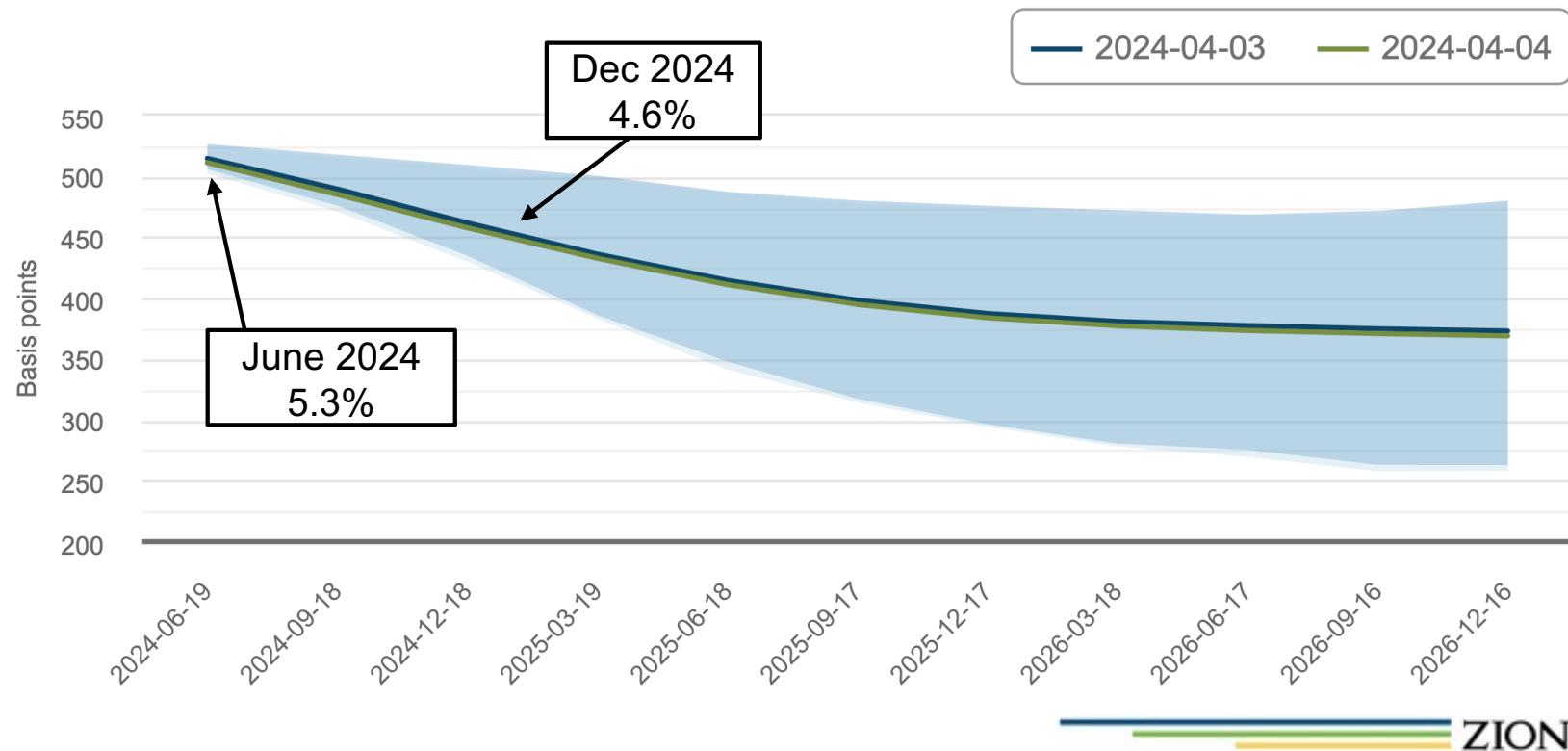
Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

Don't Fight the Fed

Bond Market Now Matches the Fed Forecast

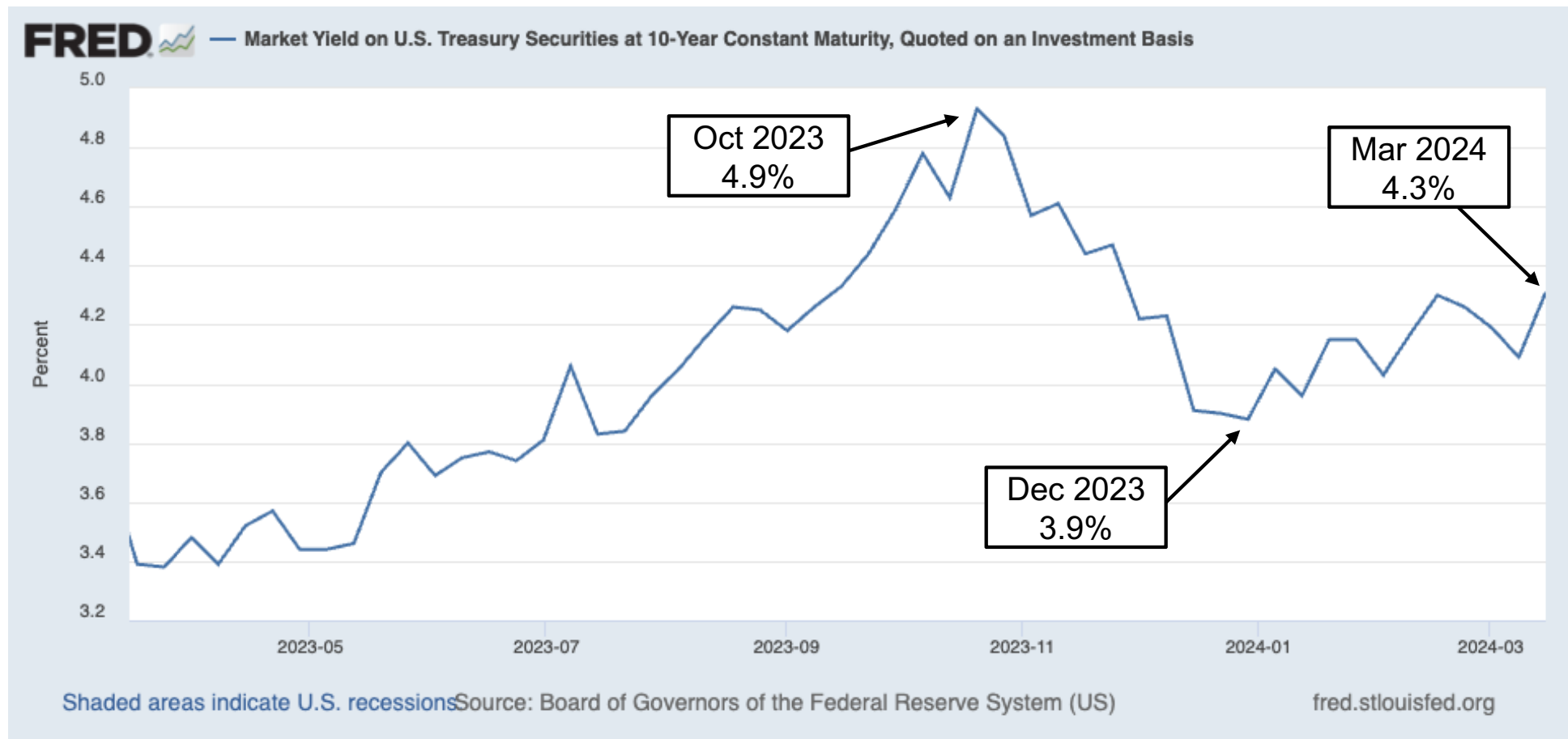
The Expected Three-Month Average SOFR Path

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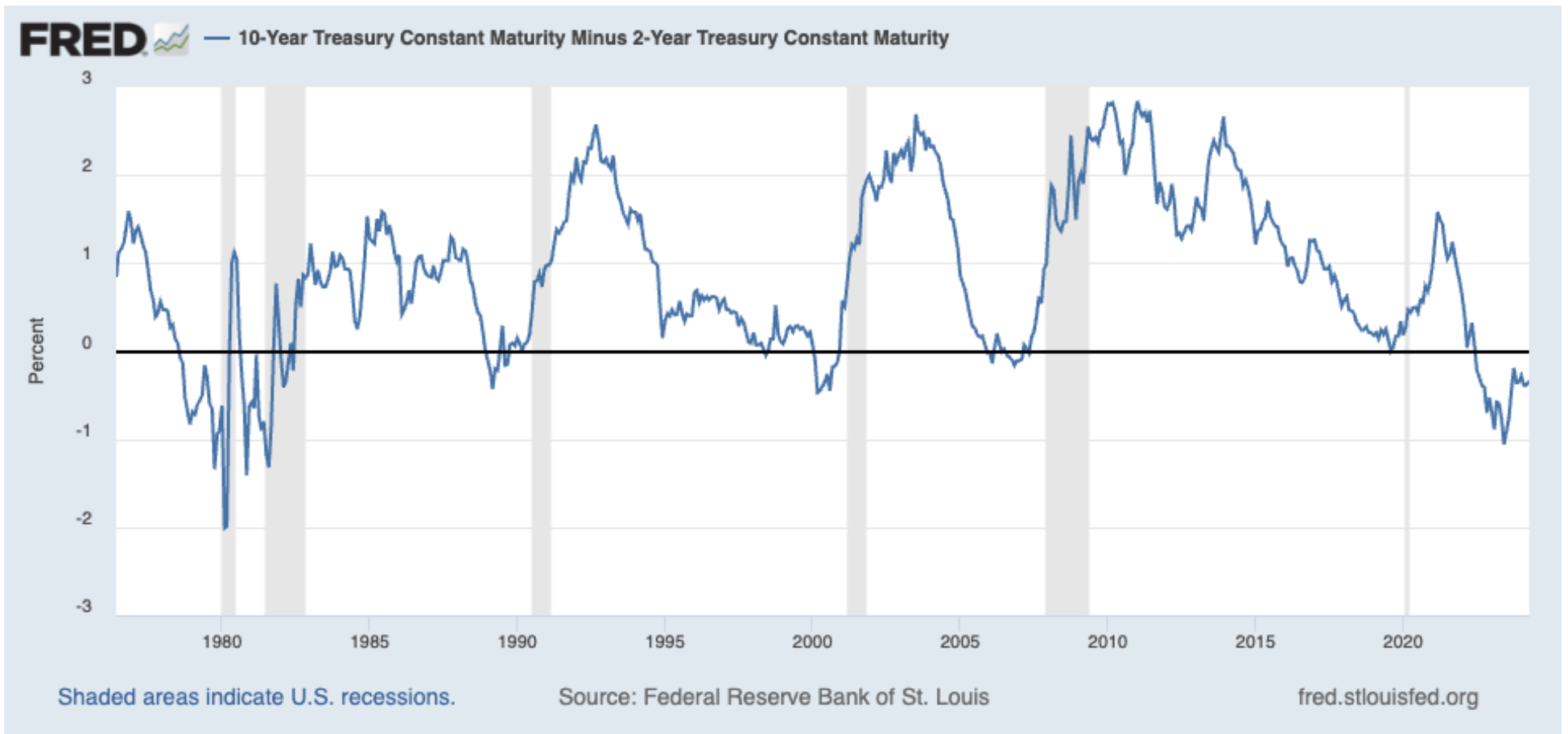


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10-Year Treasury Adjusting to Fed



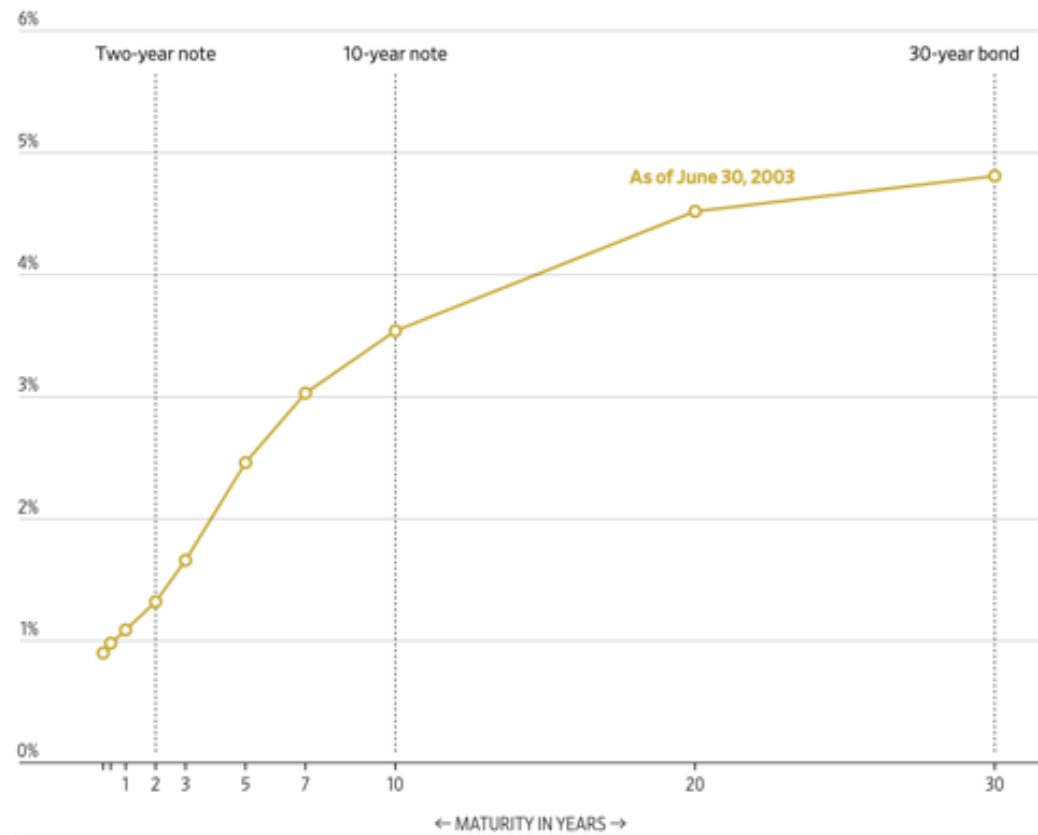
Is the Yield Curve Signaling a Recession?



Source: Federal Reserve

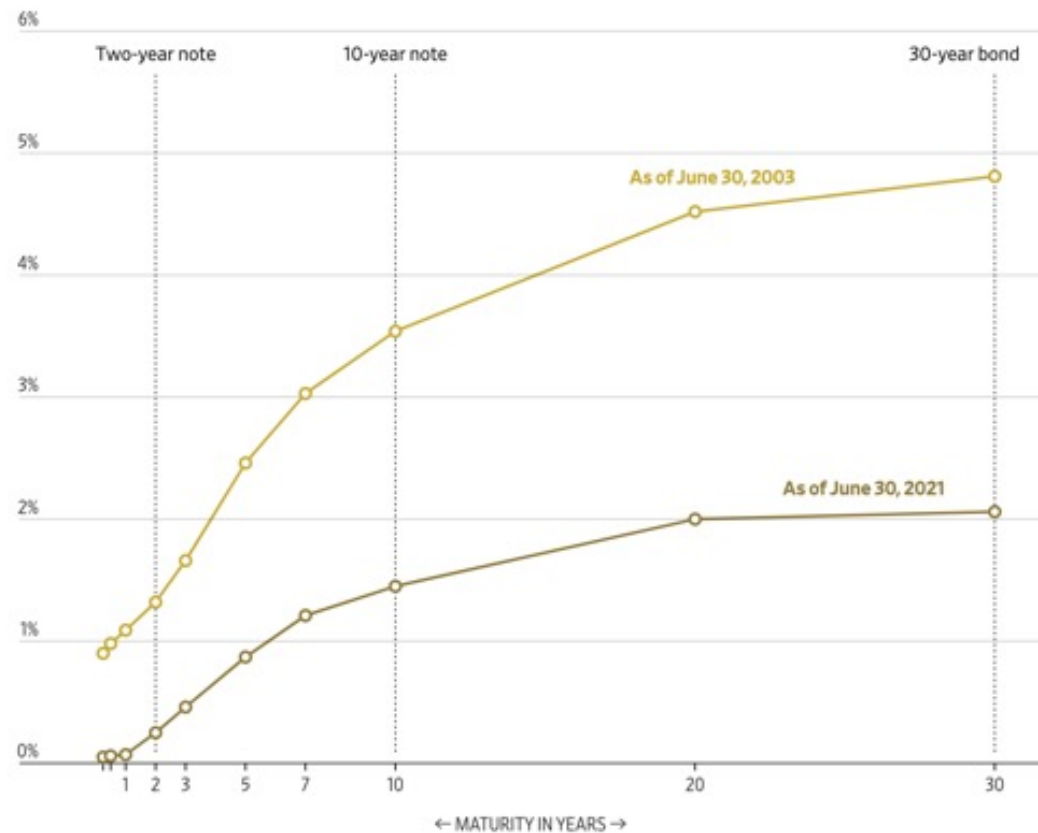
Is the Yield Curve Signaling a Recession?

Yield curve, U.S. Treasurys



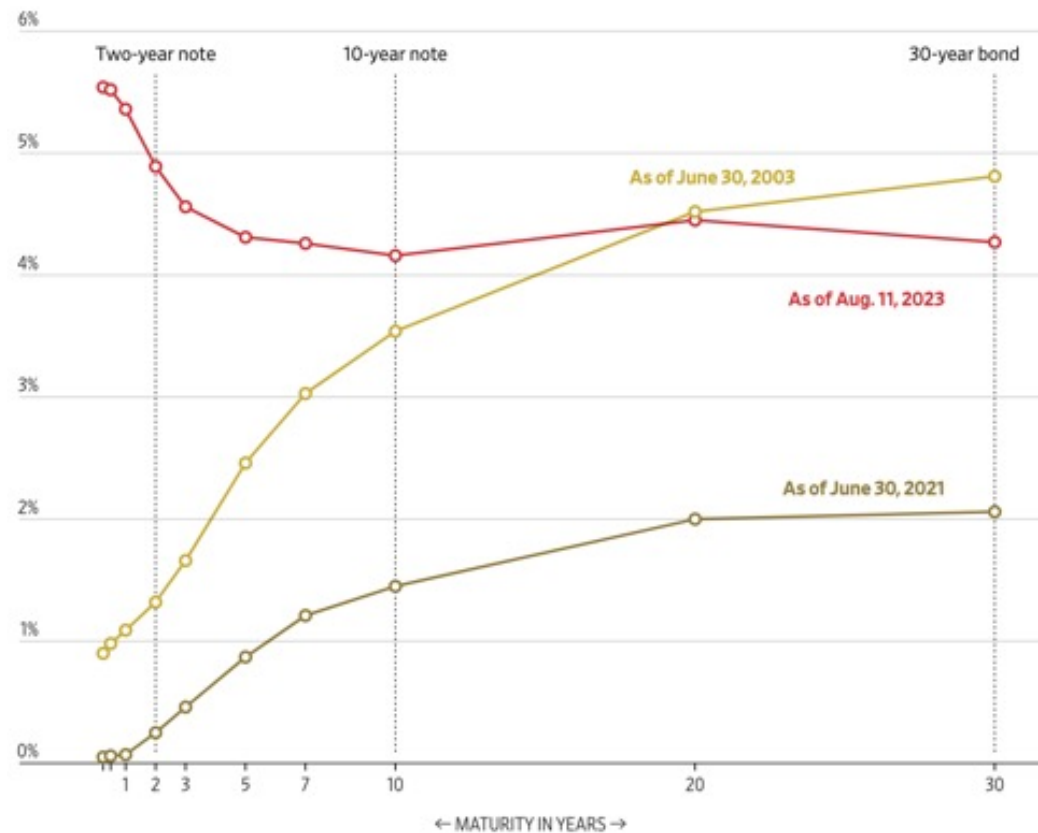
Is the Yield Curve Signaling a Recession?

Yield curve, U.S. Treasurys

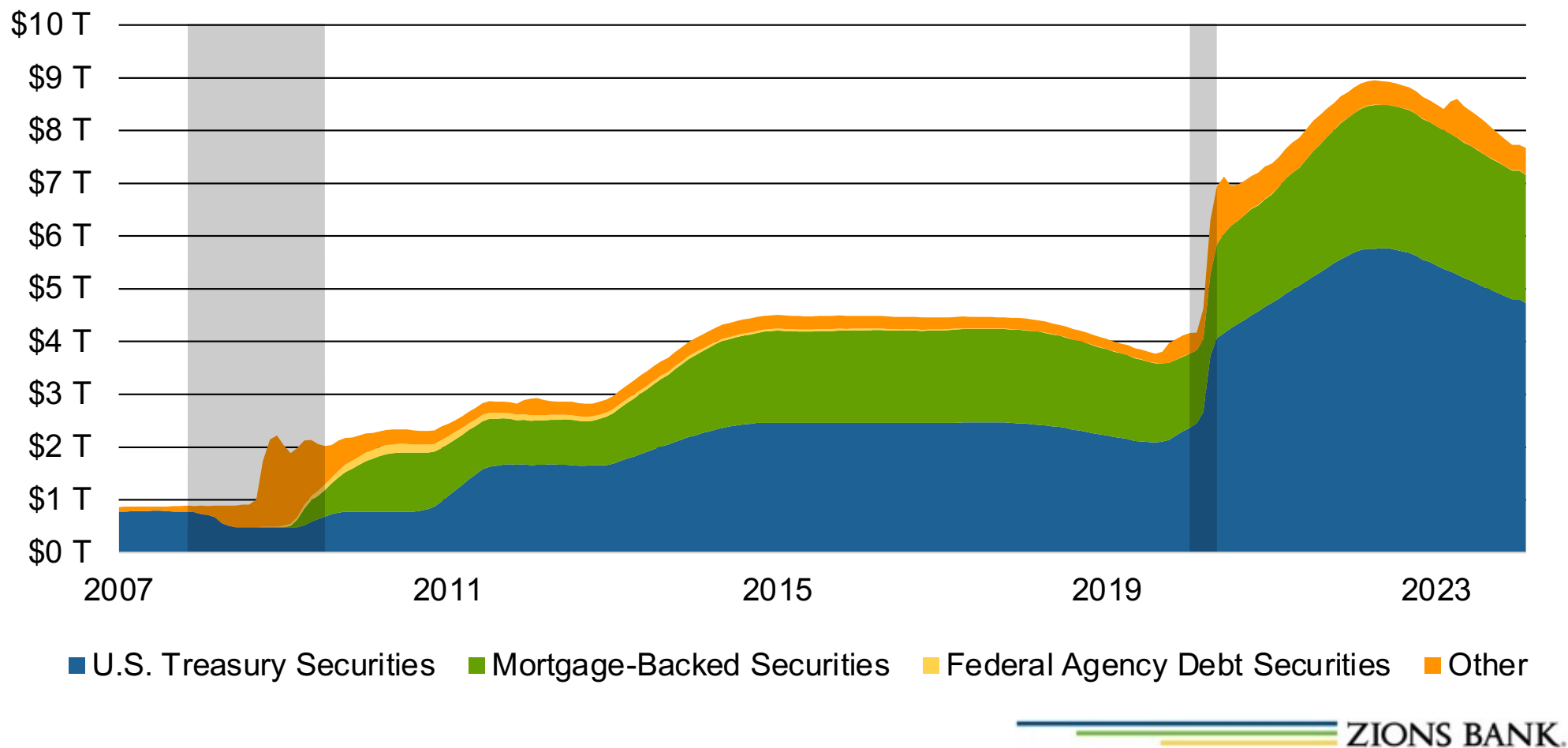


Is the Yield Curve Signaling a Recession?

Yield curve, U.S. Treasuries

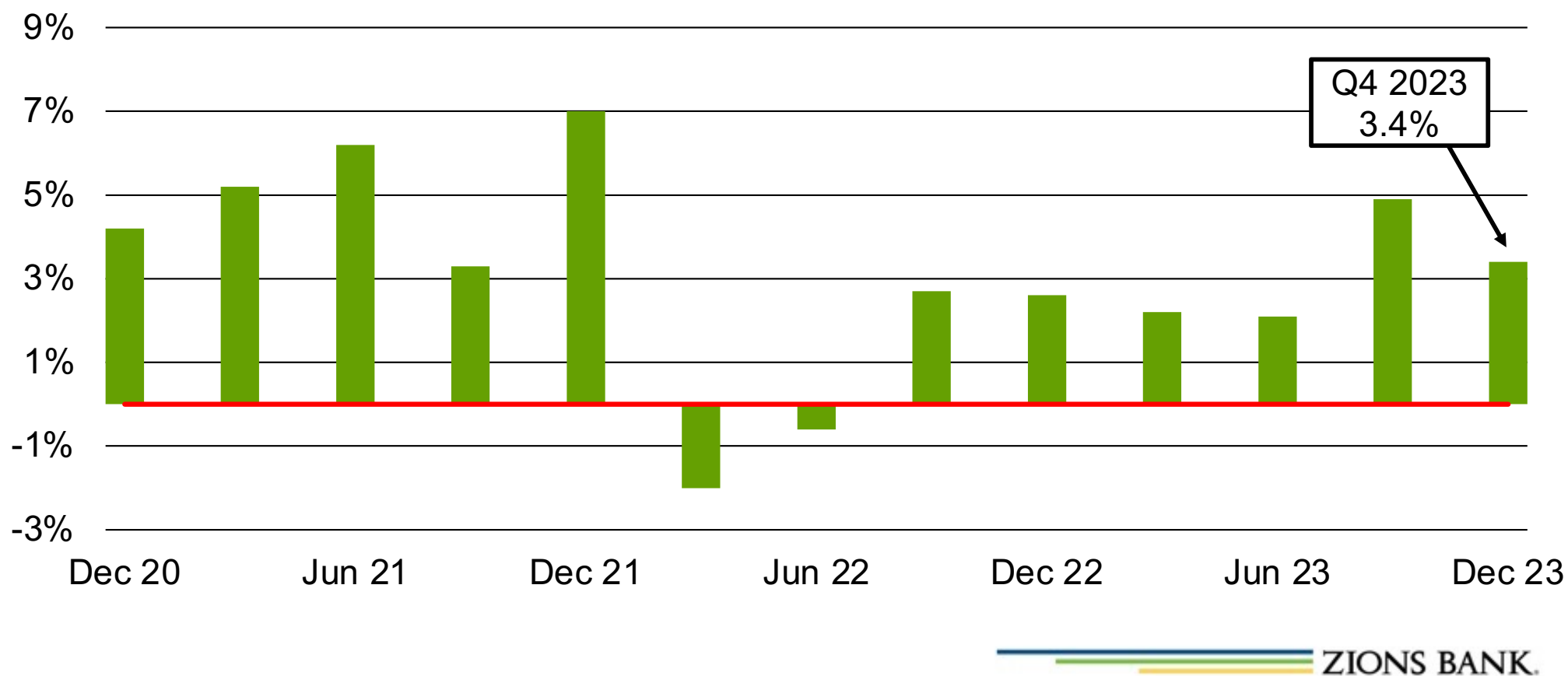


Fed Shrinking Its Balance Sheet



Source: Federal Reserve Bank

GDP Slowed in the Fourth Quarter



Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

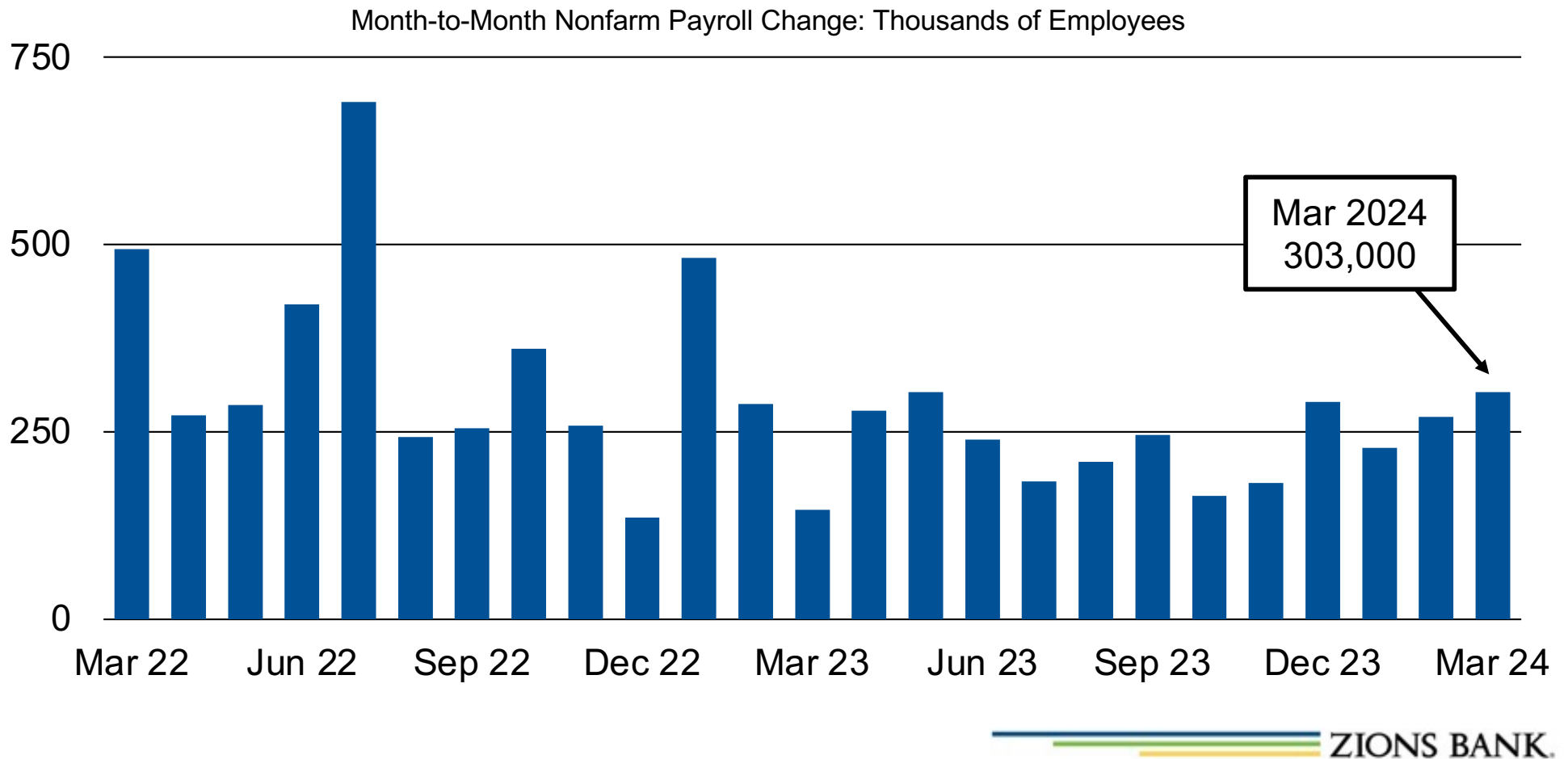
March Employment Indicators

Indicator	Previous Month	Prior Revised	Consensus	Actual
Total Nonfarm Jobs	275,000	270,000	200,000	303,000
Unemployment Rate	3.9%	-	3.9%	3.8%
Labor Force Participation	62.5%	-	62.5%	62.7%
Average Hourly Earnings (M/M)	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%
Average Hourly Earnings (Y/Y)	4.3%		4.1%	4.1%



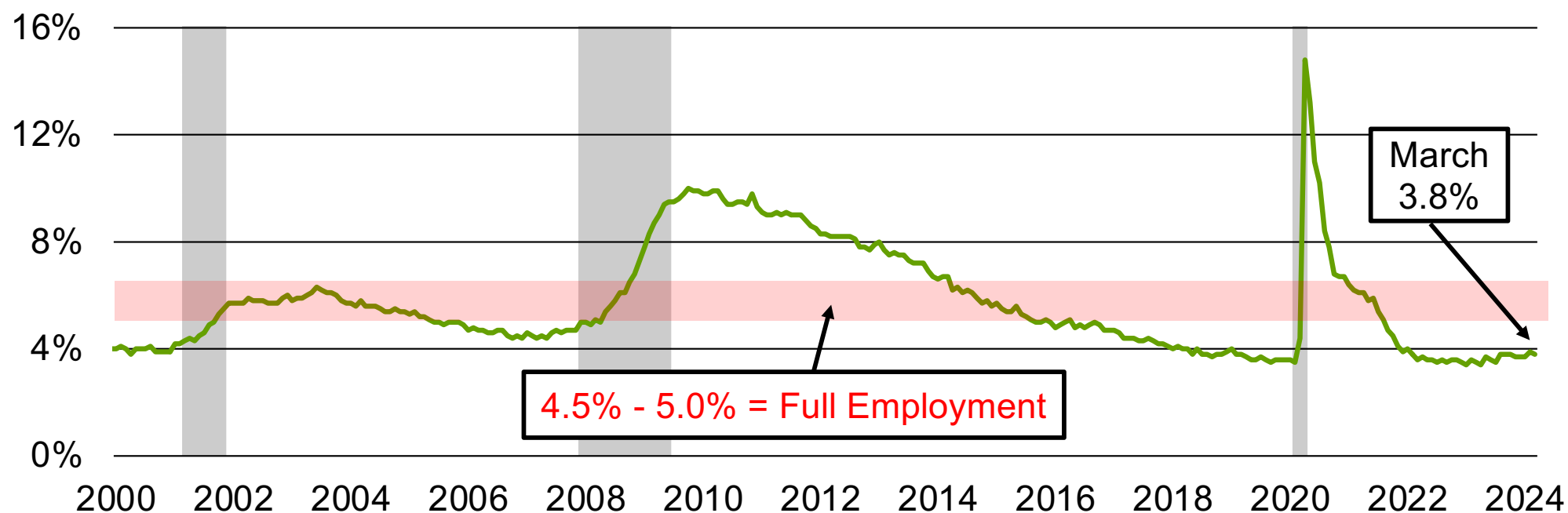
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. Job Growth Surprised Again in March

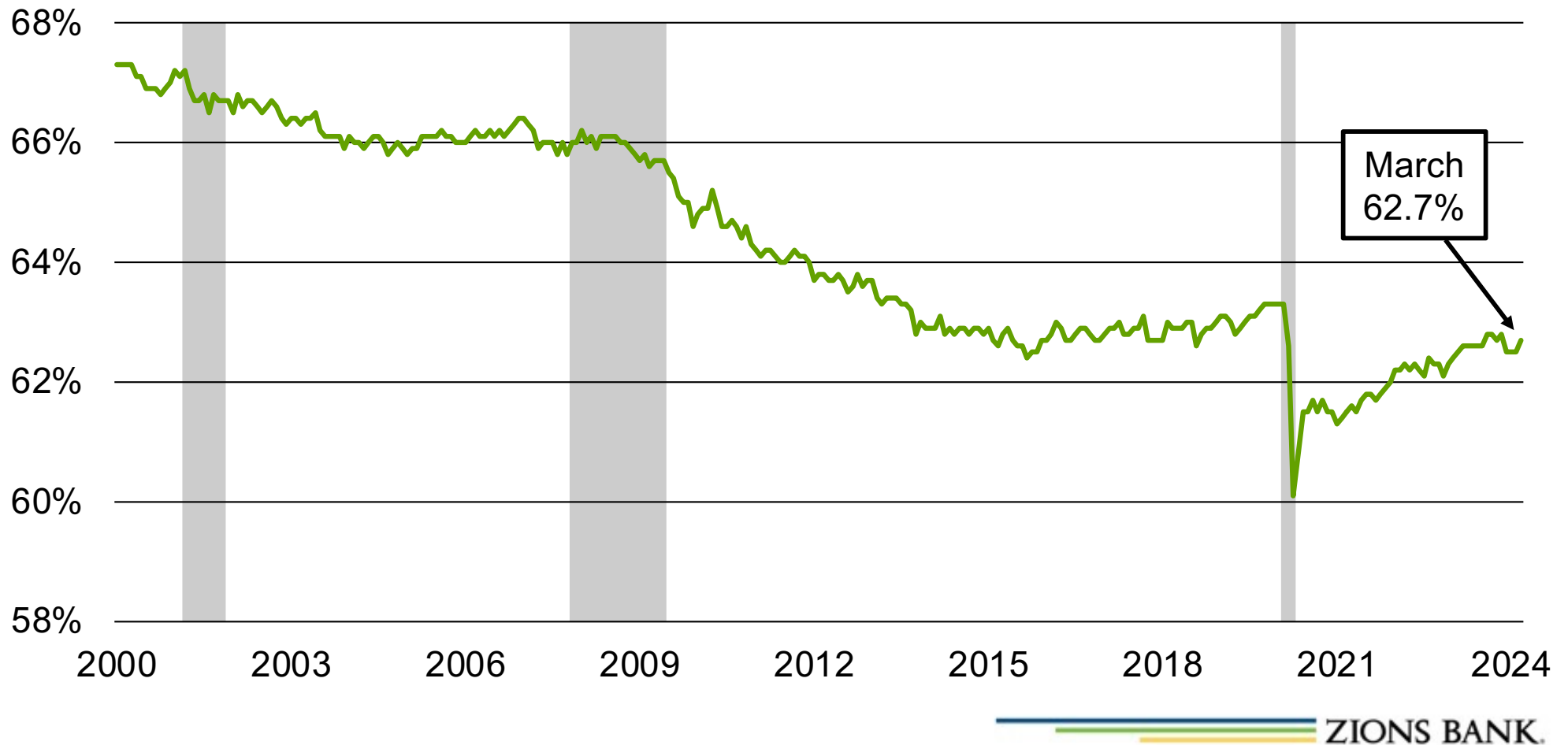


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Dropped in March

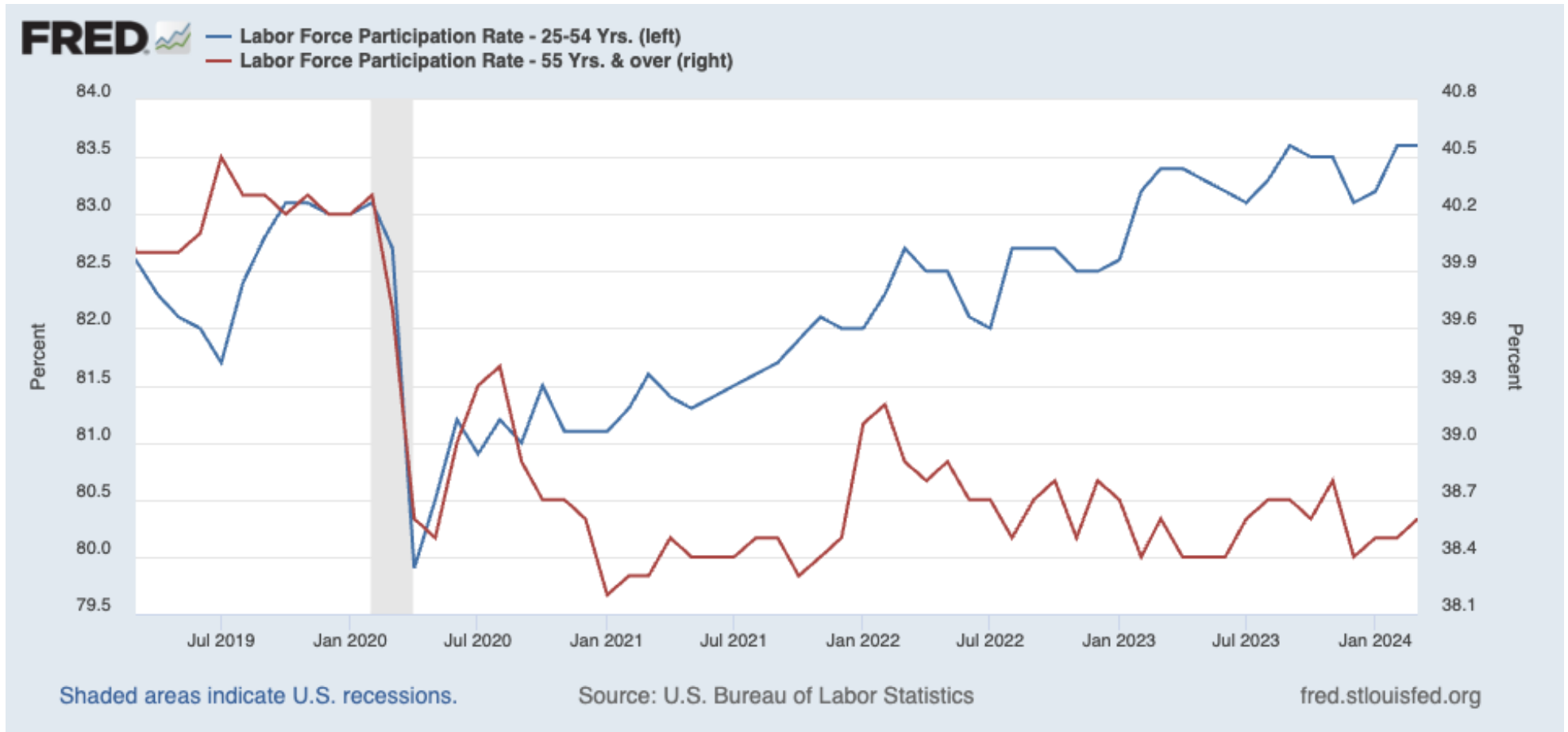


Labor Force Participation Increased in March



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

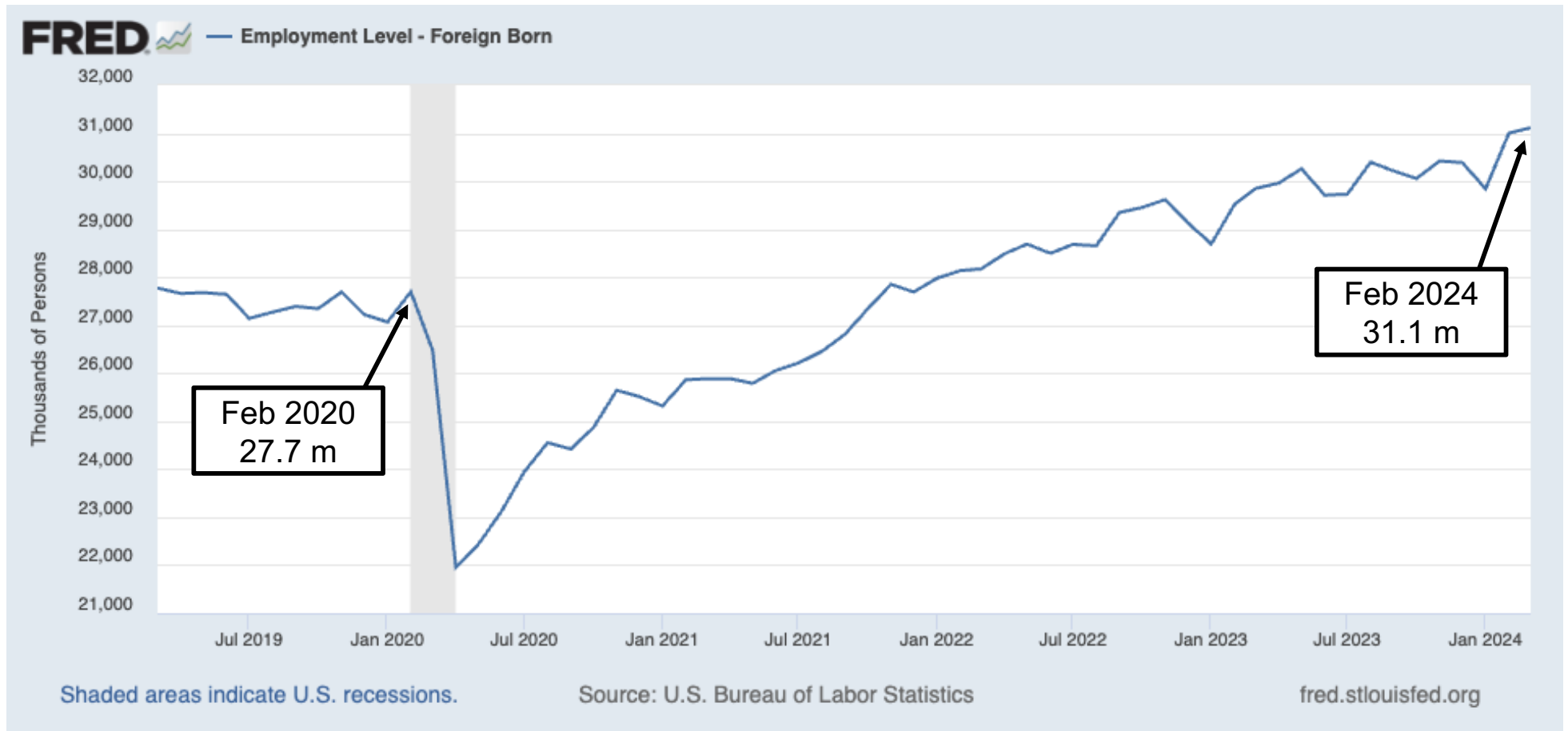
Older Workers Still on the Sidelines



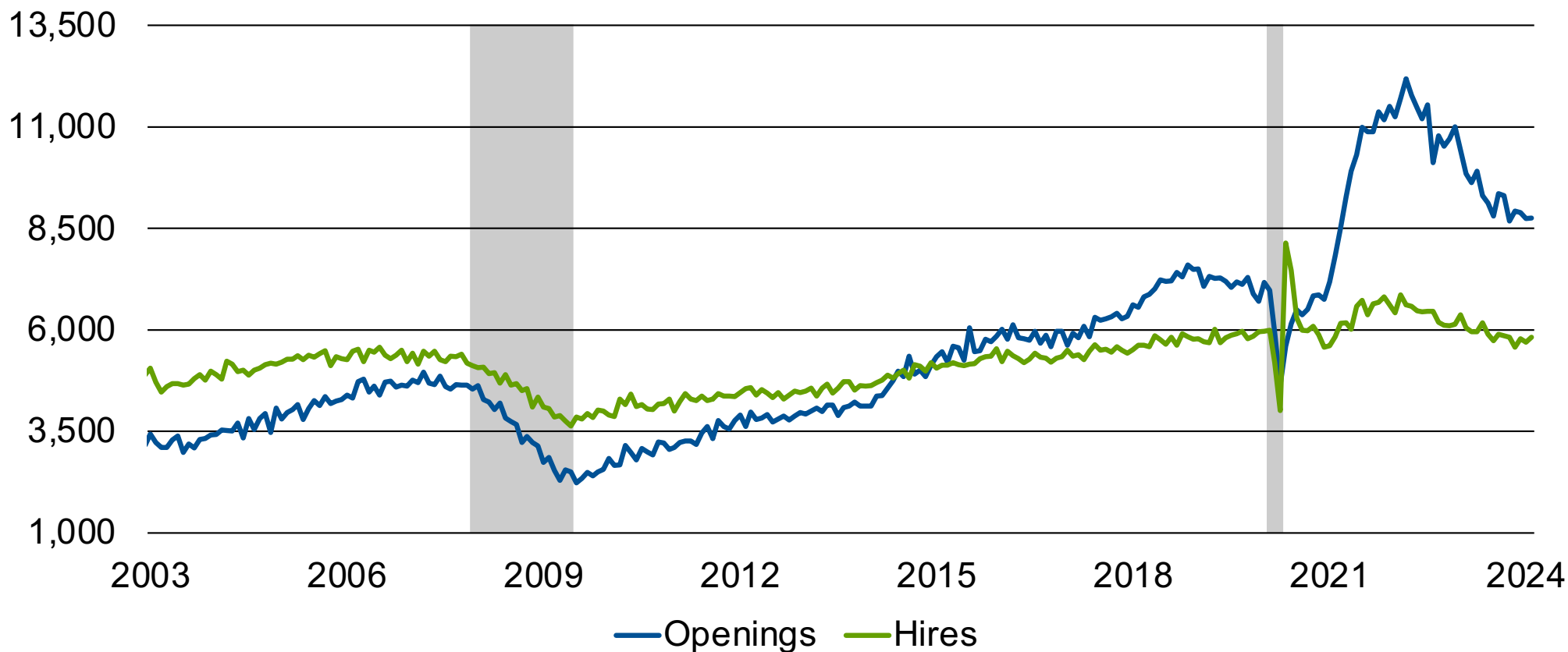
Source: FRED



Foreign Born Employment Increasing



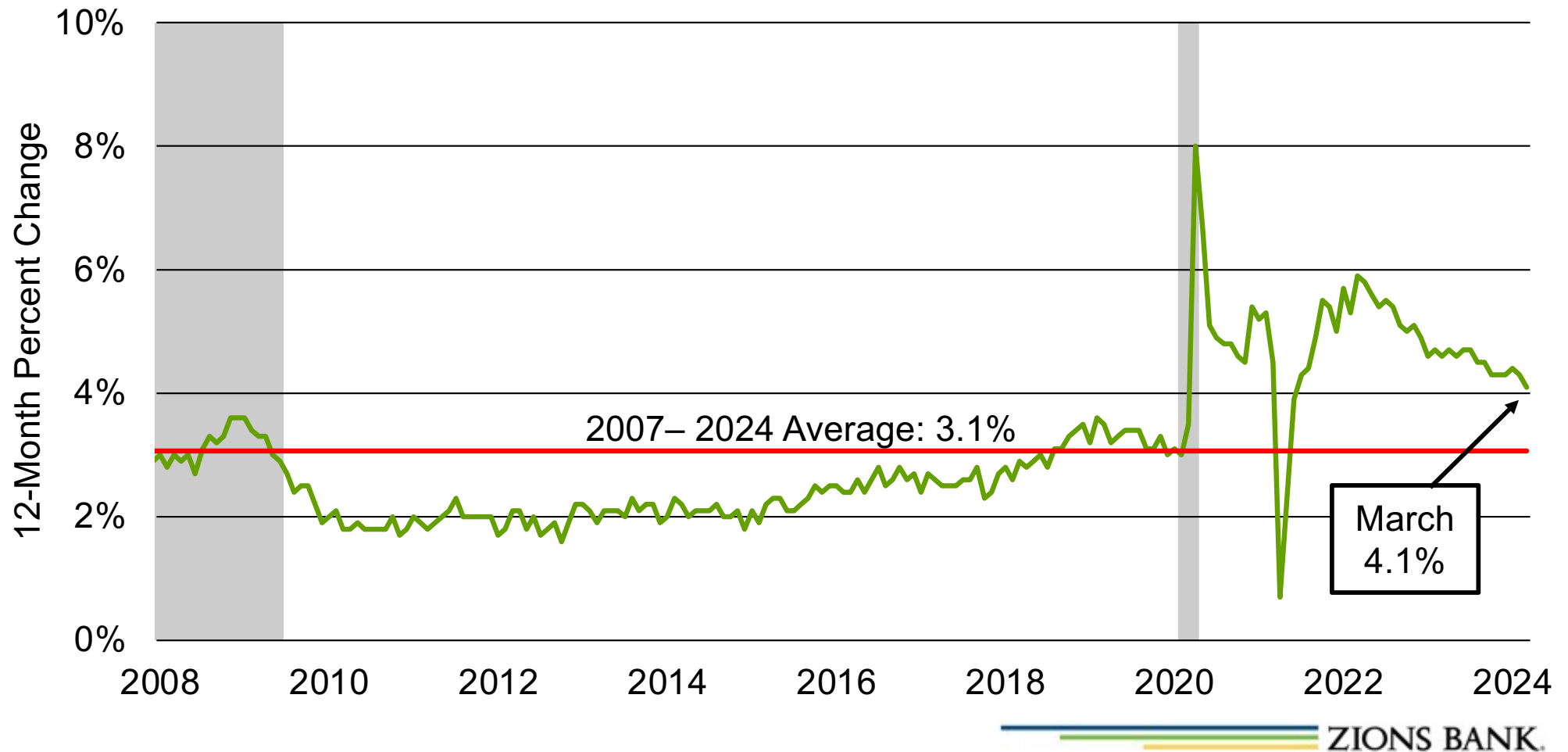
Job Openings Outnumber Hires by 2.9 Million



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Seasonally Adjusted

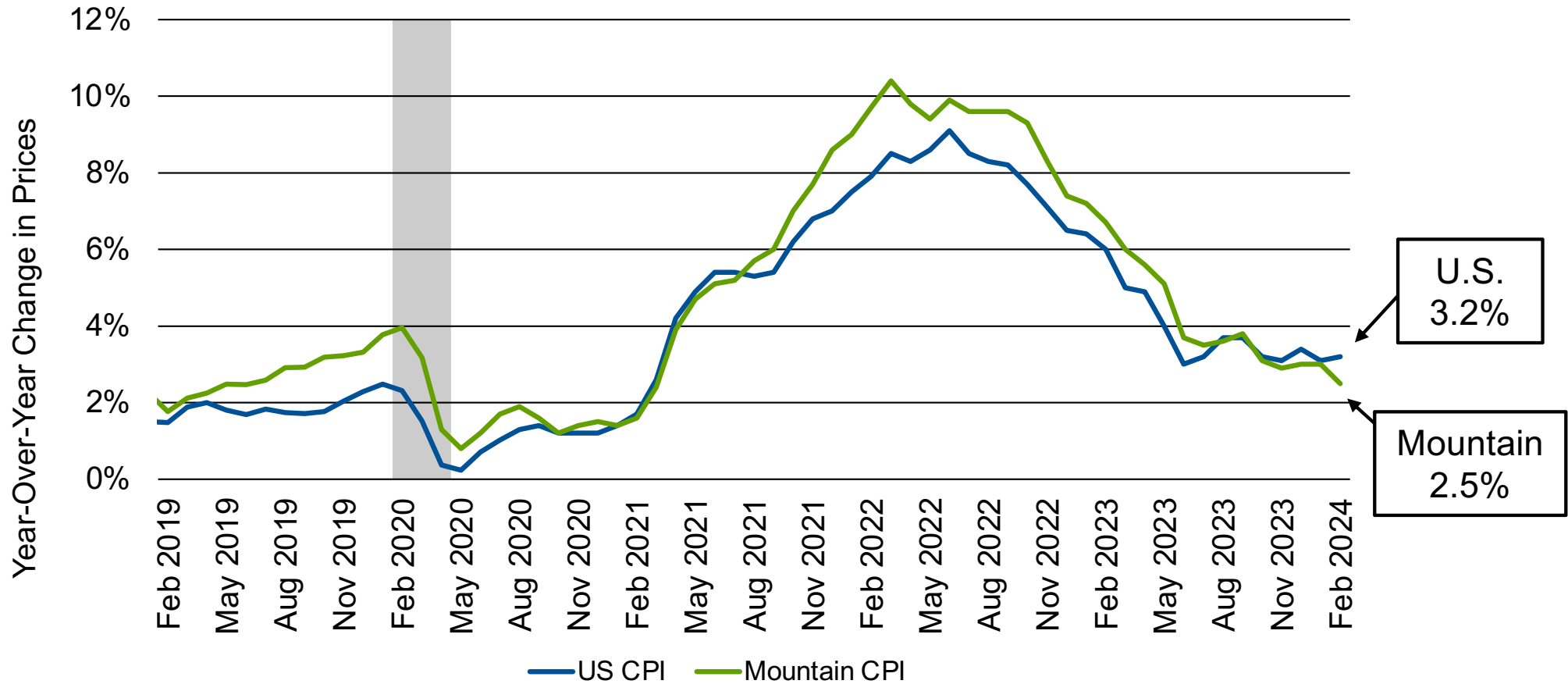
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Wage Growth Trending Down – But Still Above Average



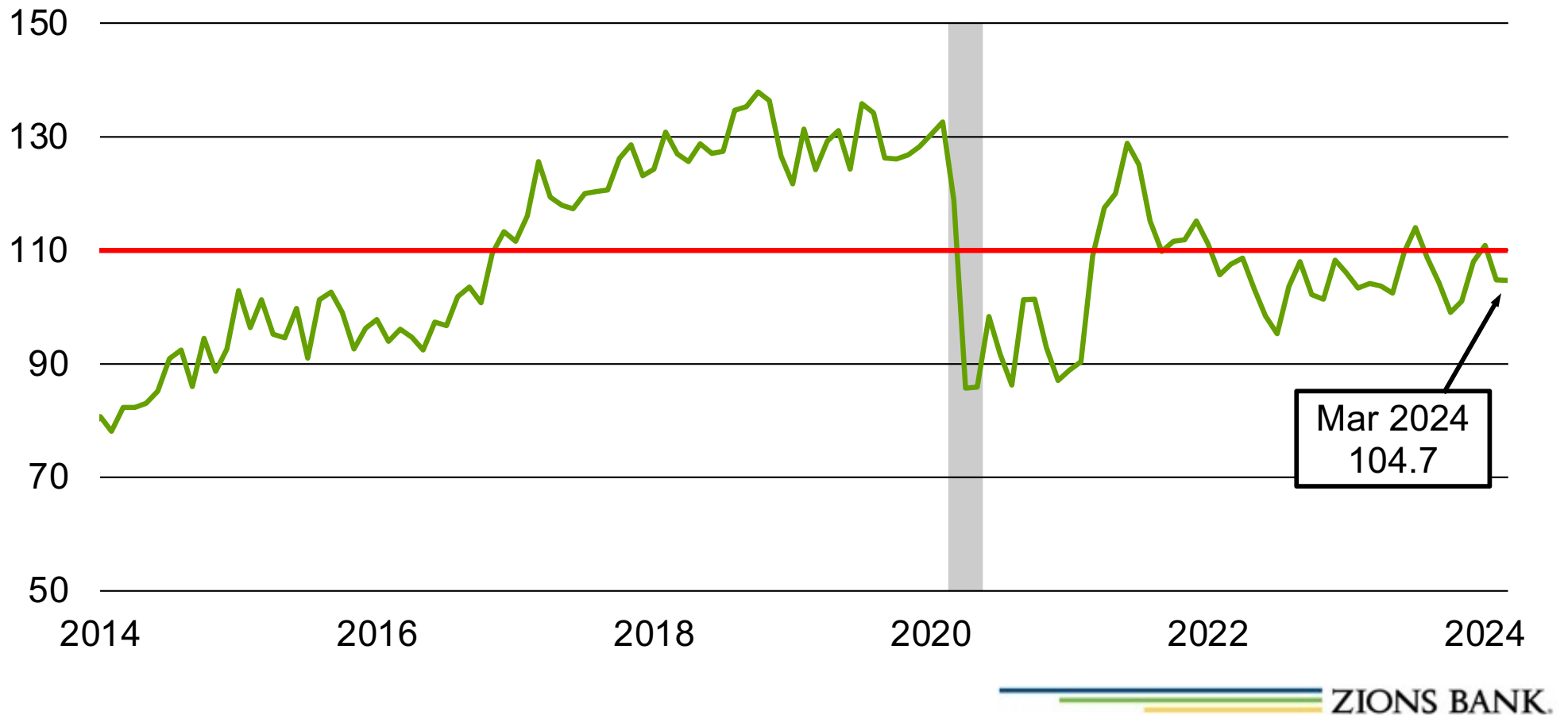
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Inflation Getting “Sticky”



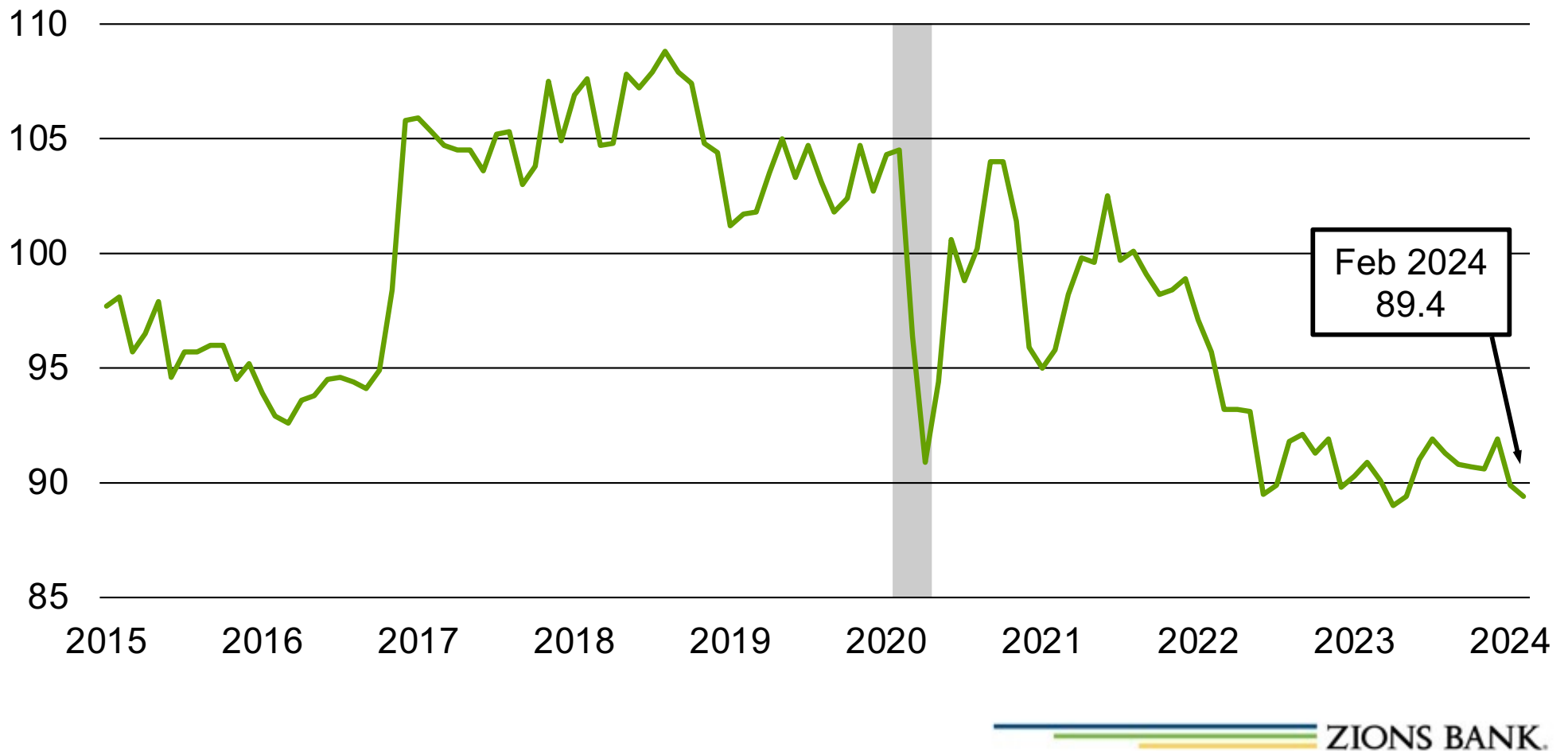
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Note: Mountain states include AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, WY

Consumer Confidence Trend Still Low



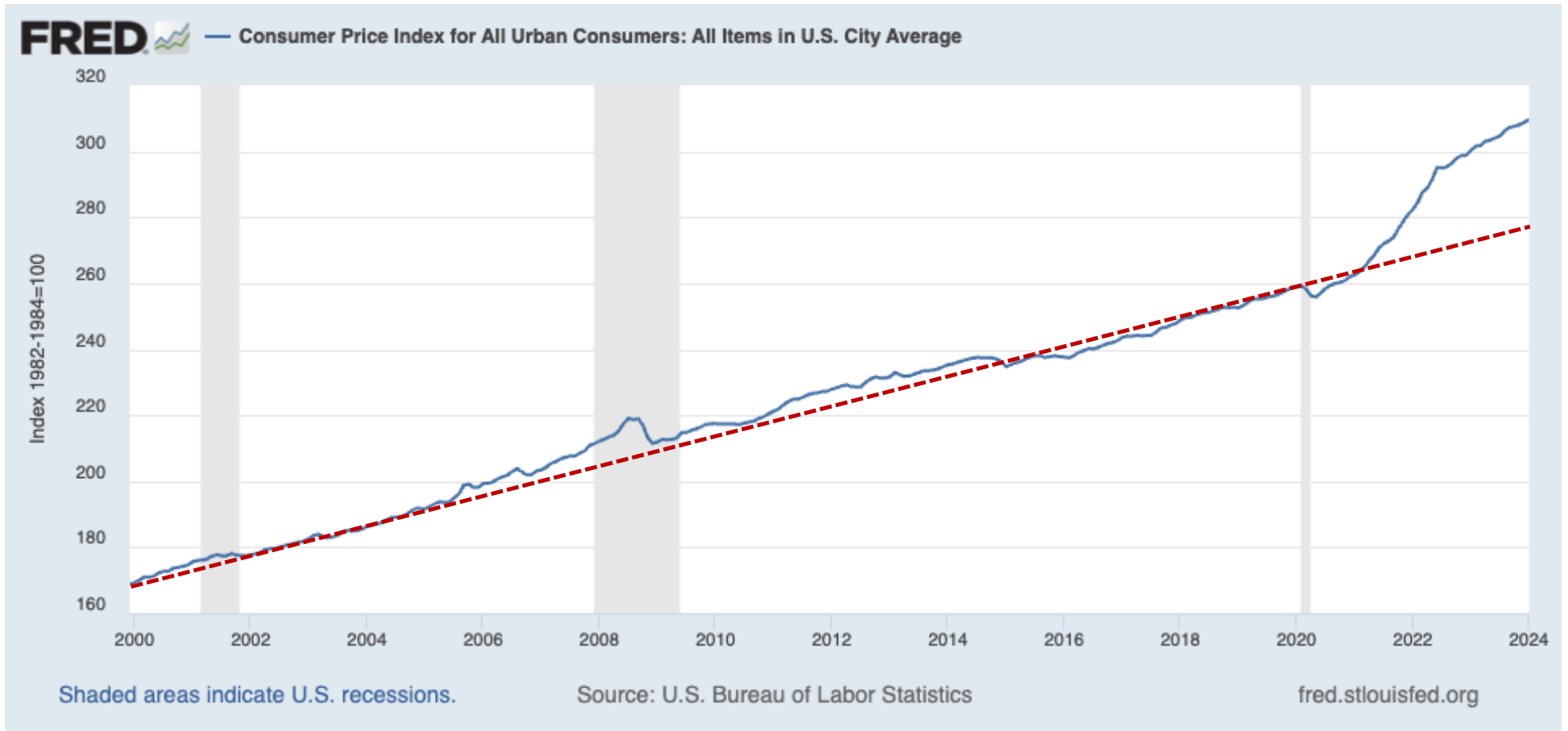
Source: The Conference Board

Small Businesses Nervous

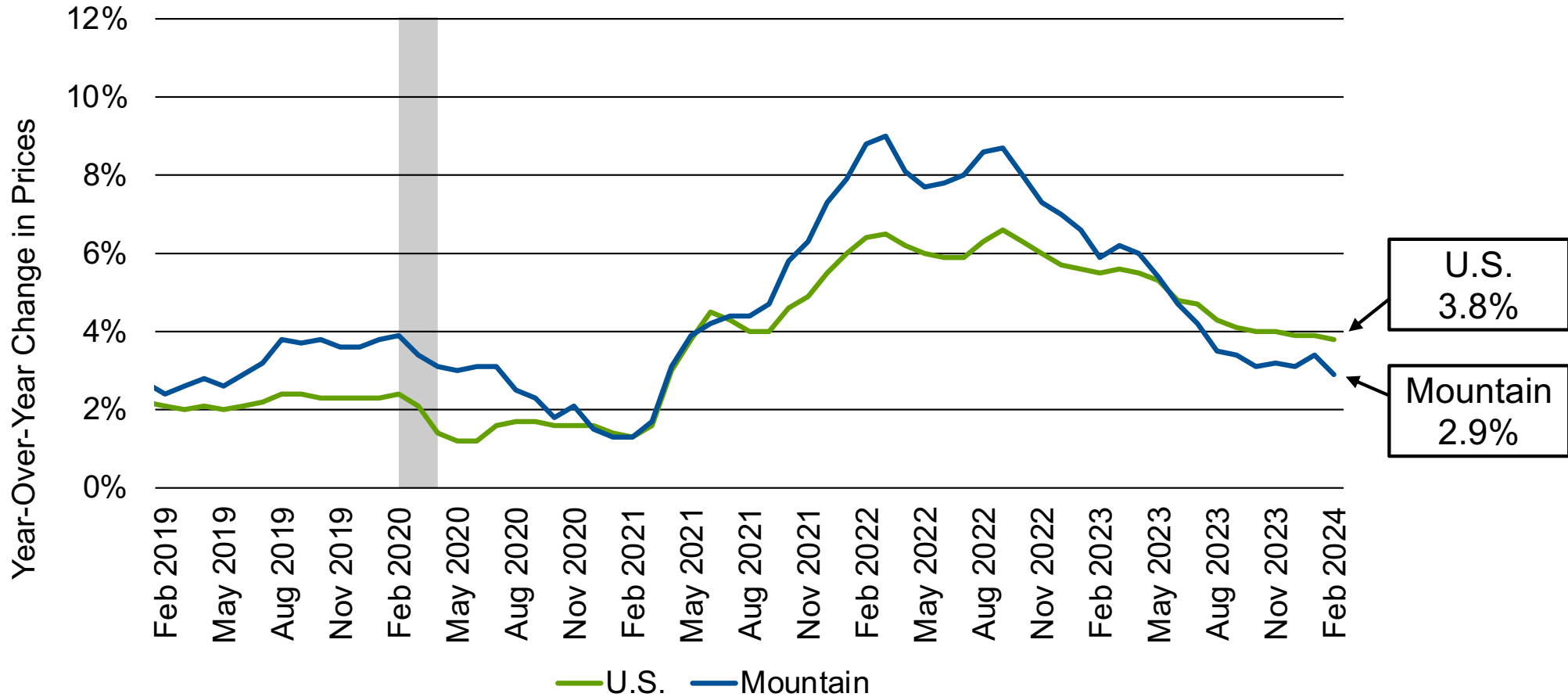


Source: National Federation of Independent Business

Total Impact of CPI Price Change



All Items Less Food and Energy (Core Inflation)

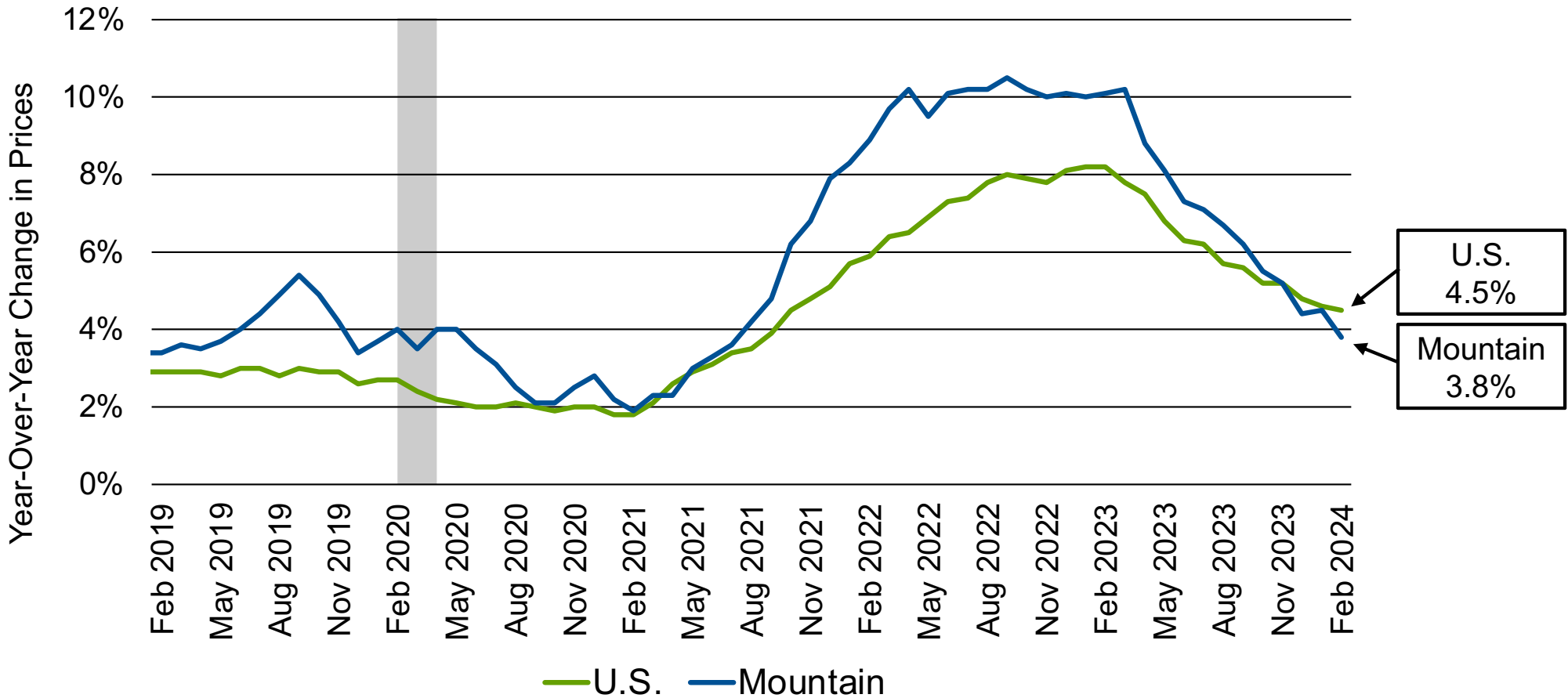


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Note: Mountain states include AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, WY

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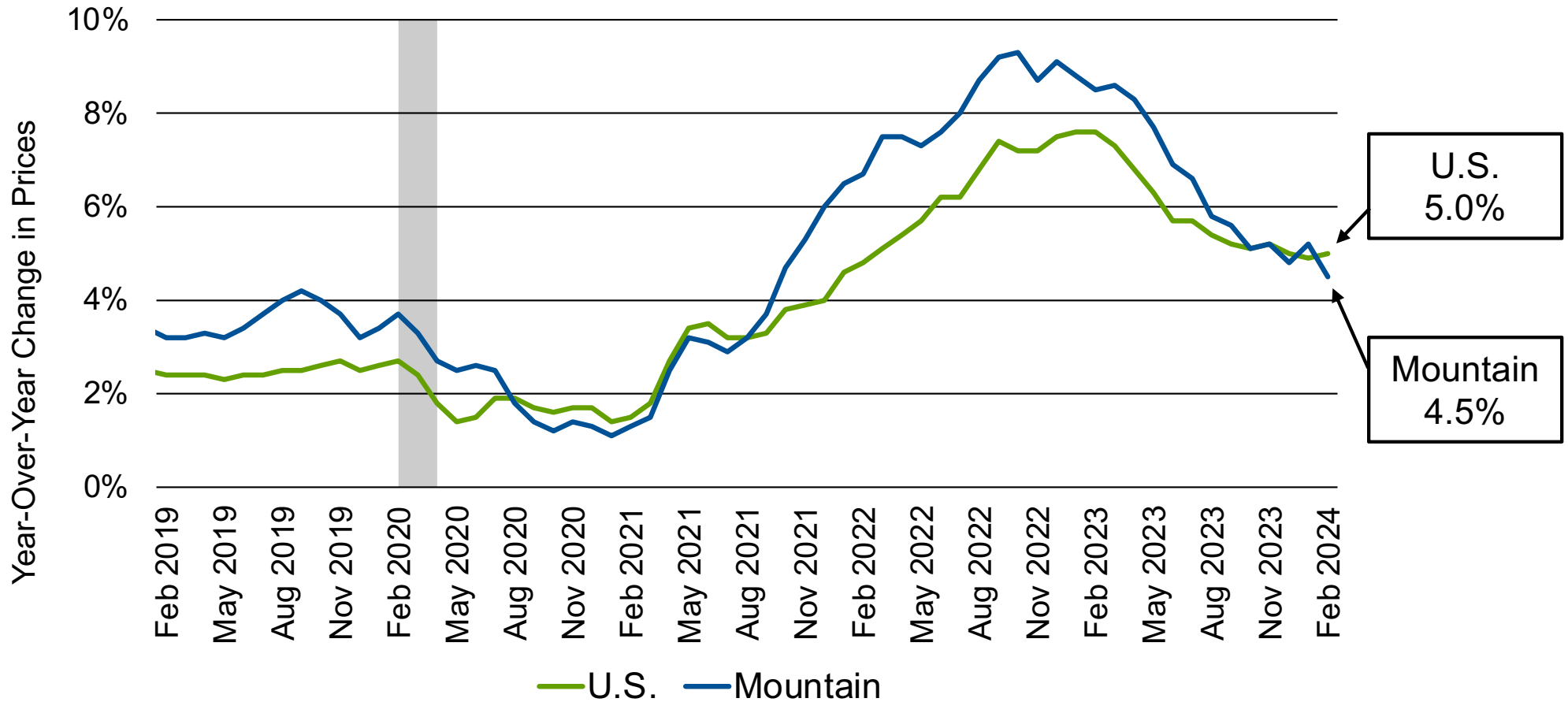
Housing Inflation Too High



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

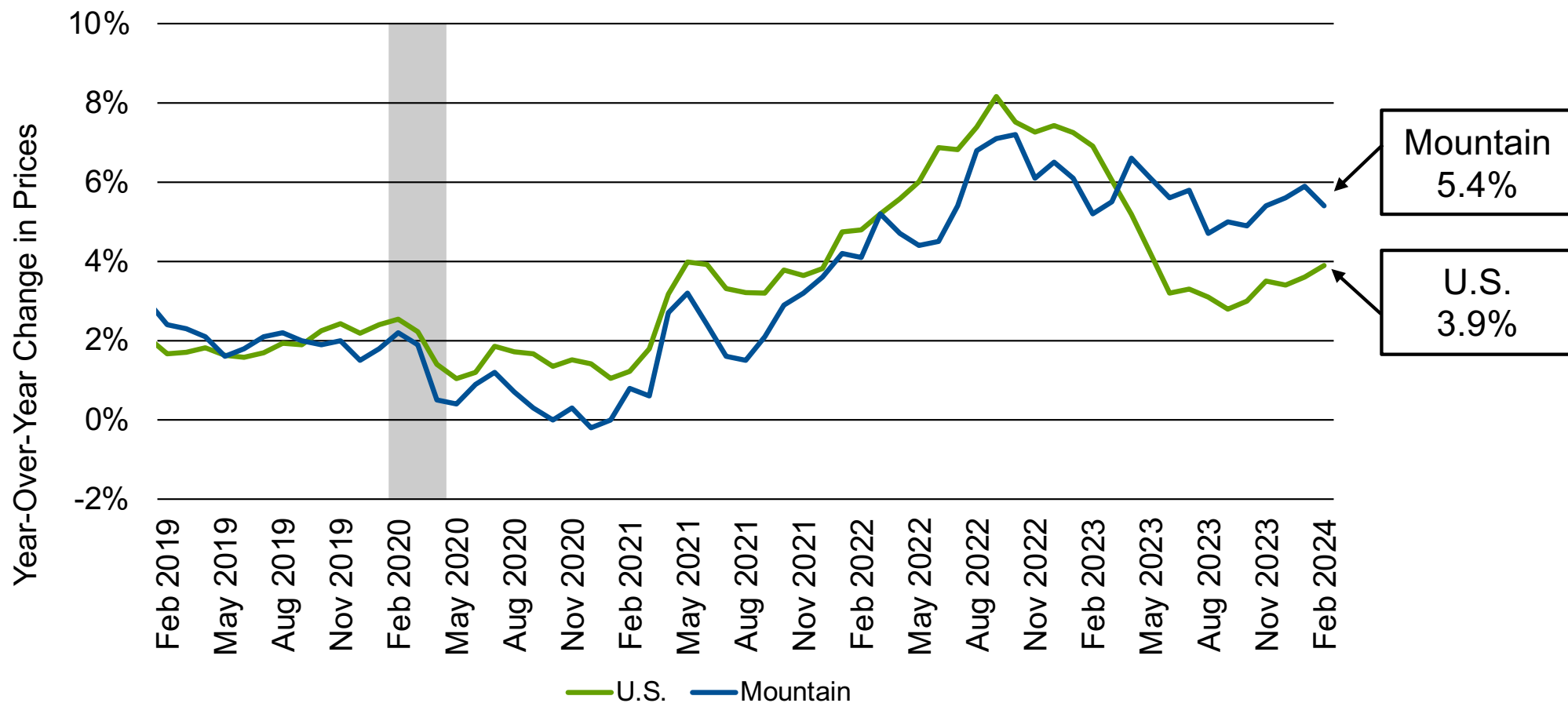
Note: Mountain states include AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, WY

Services Price Inflation Mixed



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Note: Mountain states include AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, WY

“Supercore” Inflation Mixed



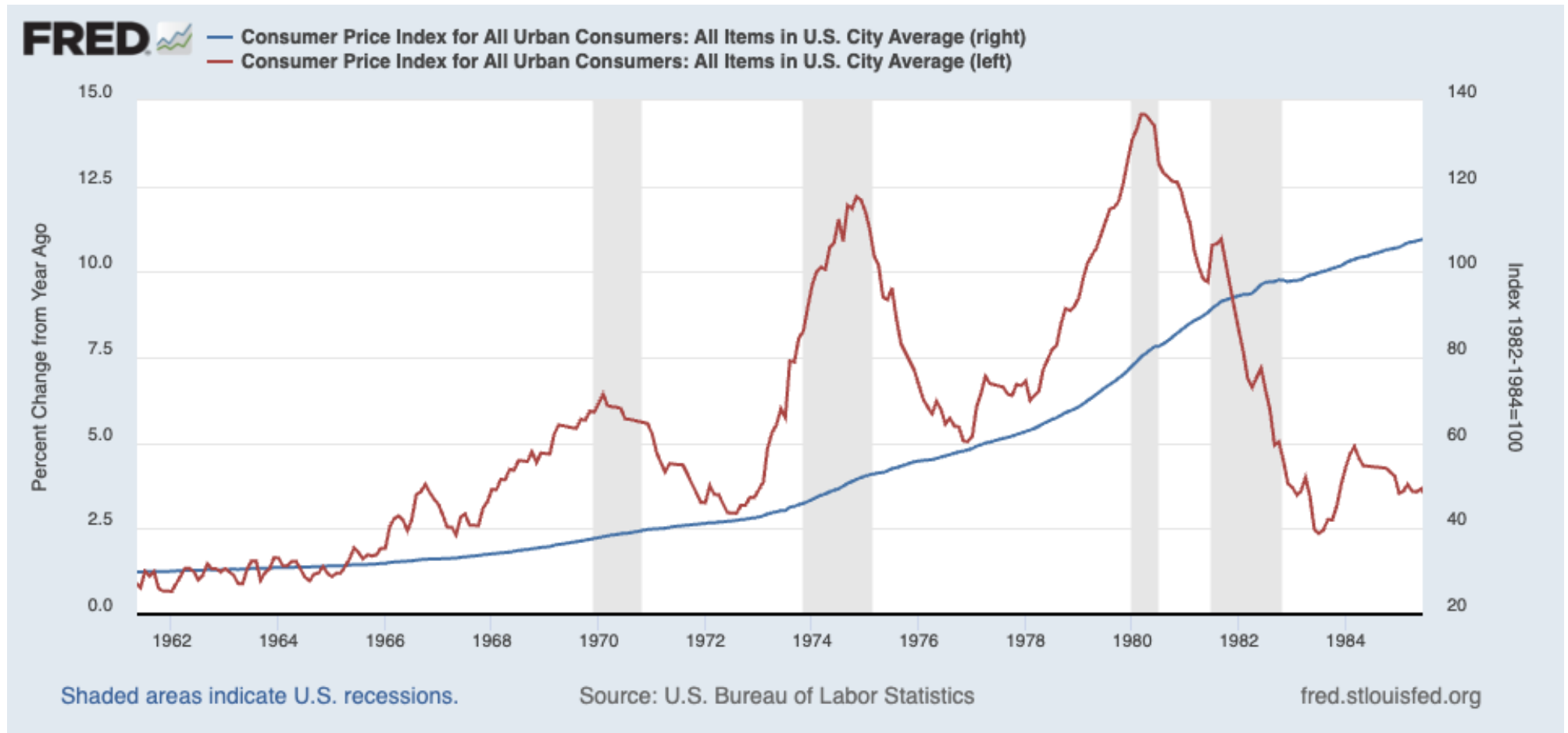
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Note: Mountain states include AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, WY

CPI Inflation: 2000-2024

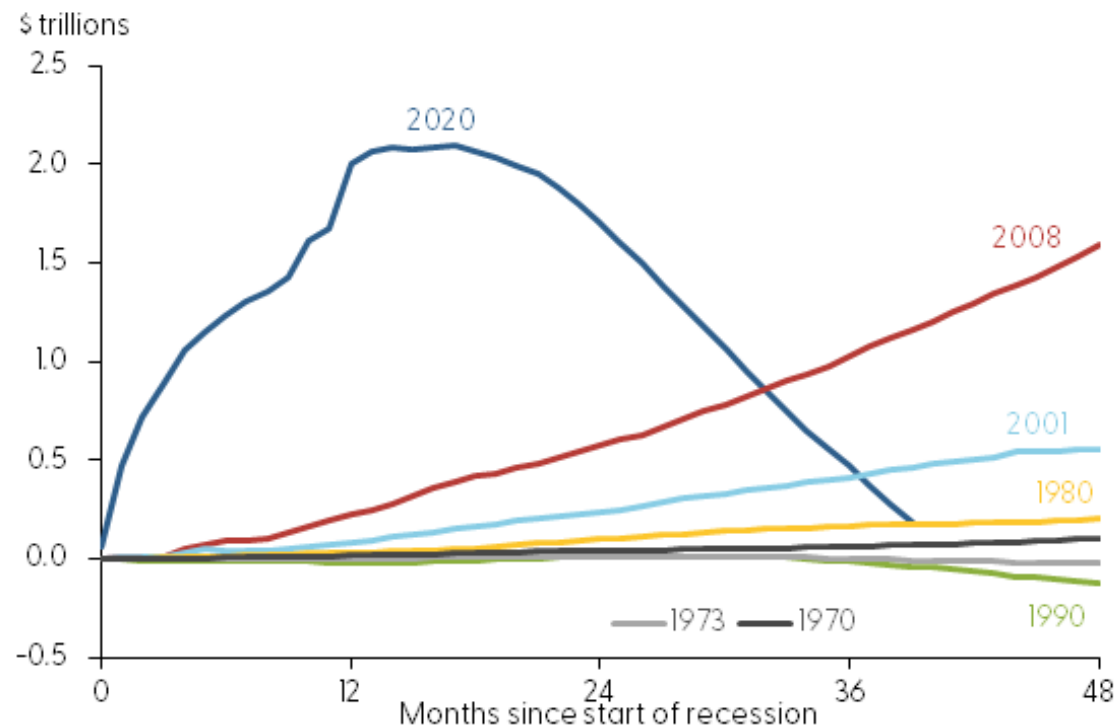


CPI Inflation: 1960-1985



How Long Will We Be Swimming in Extra Cash?

Figure 2: Aggregate excess savings following onset of recessions

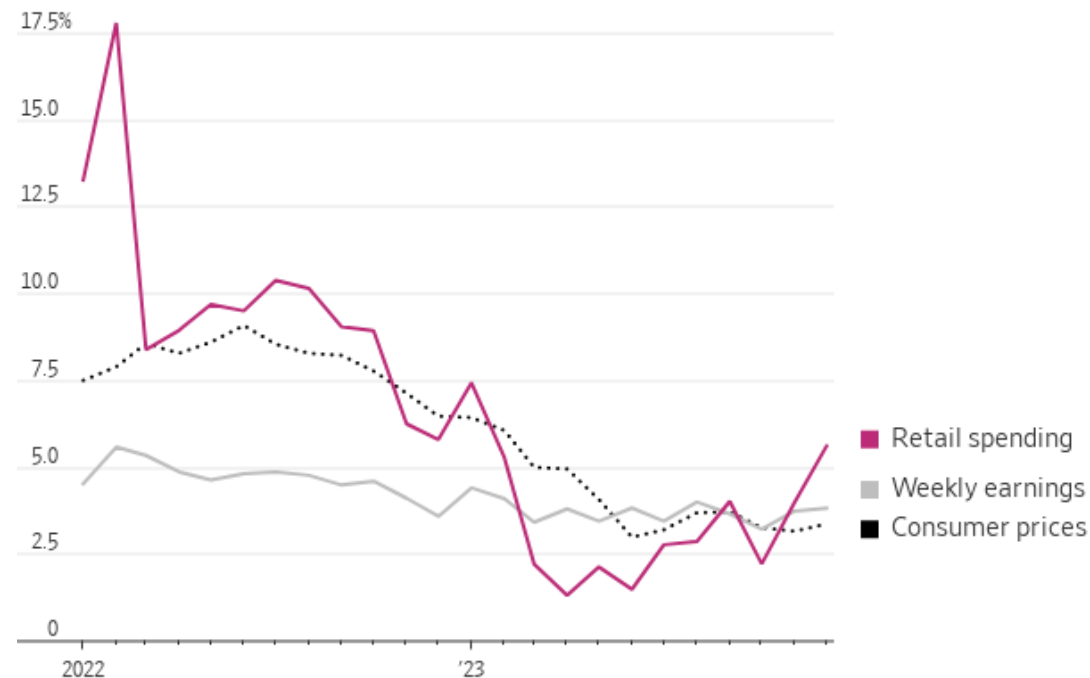


Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and authors' calculations.

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Consumers Continue to Spend – Defying Expectations

Spending, wages and prices, change from a year earlier

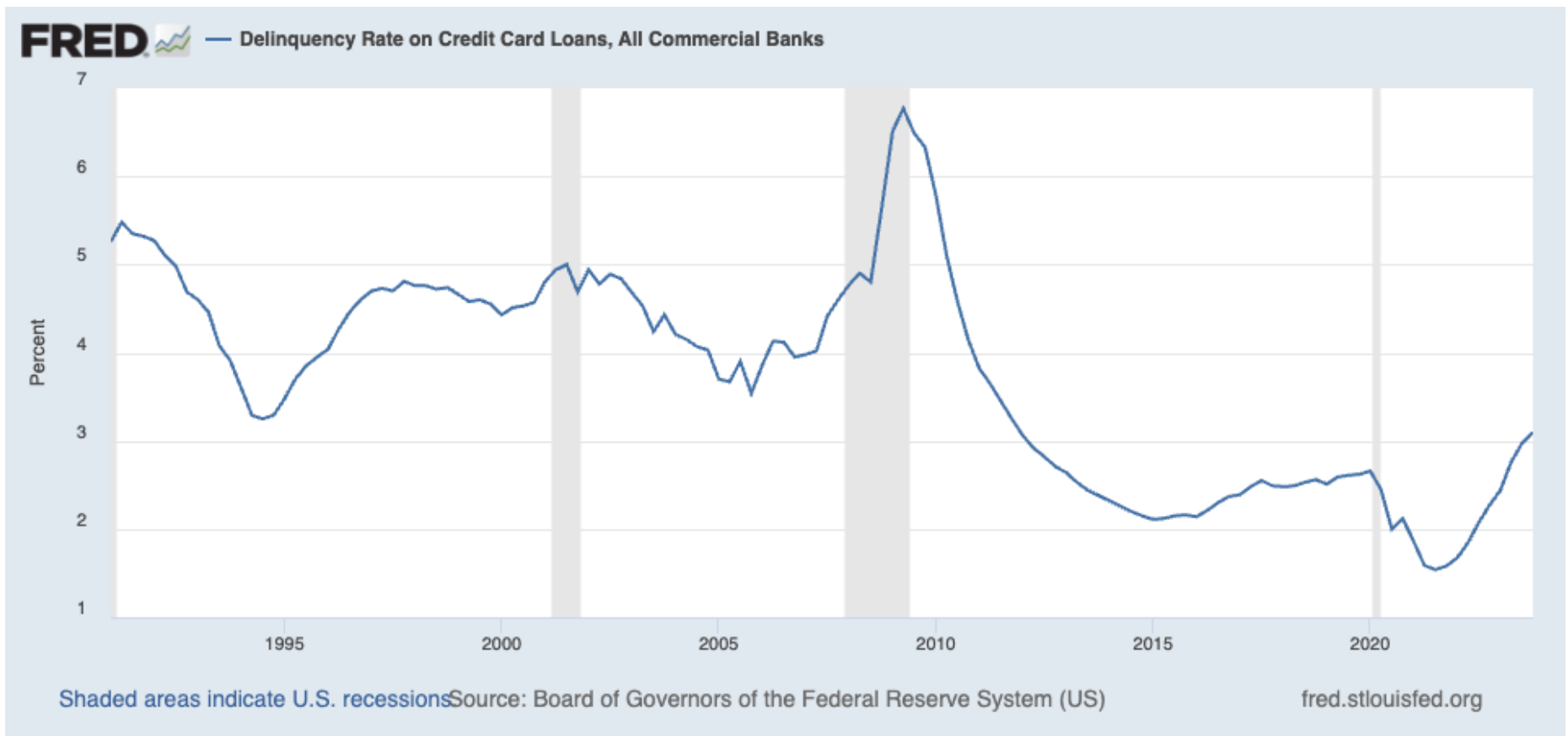


Note: Consumer-price data aren't seasonally adjusted. Wage data are average earnings for all private workers and are seasonally adjusted. Retail spending data are seasonally adjusted retail trade and food service.

Source: Labor Department (earnings, prices); Census Bureau (spending)



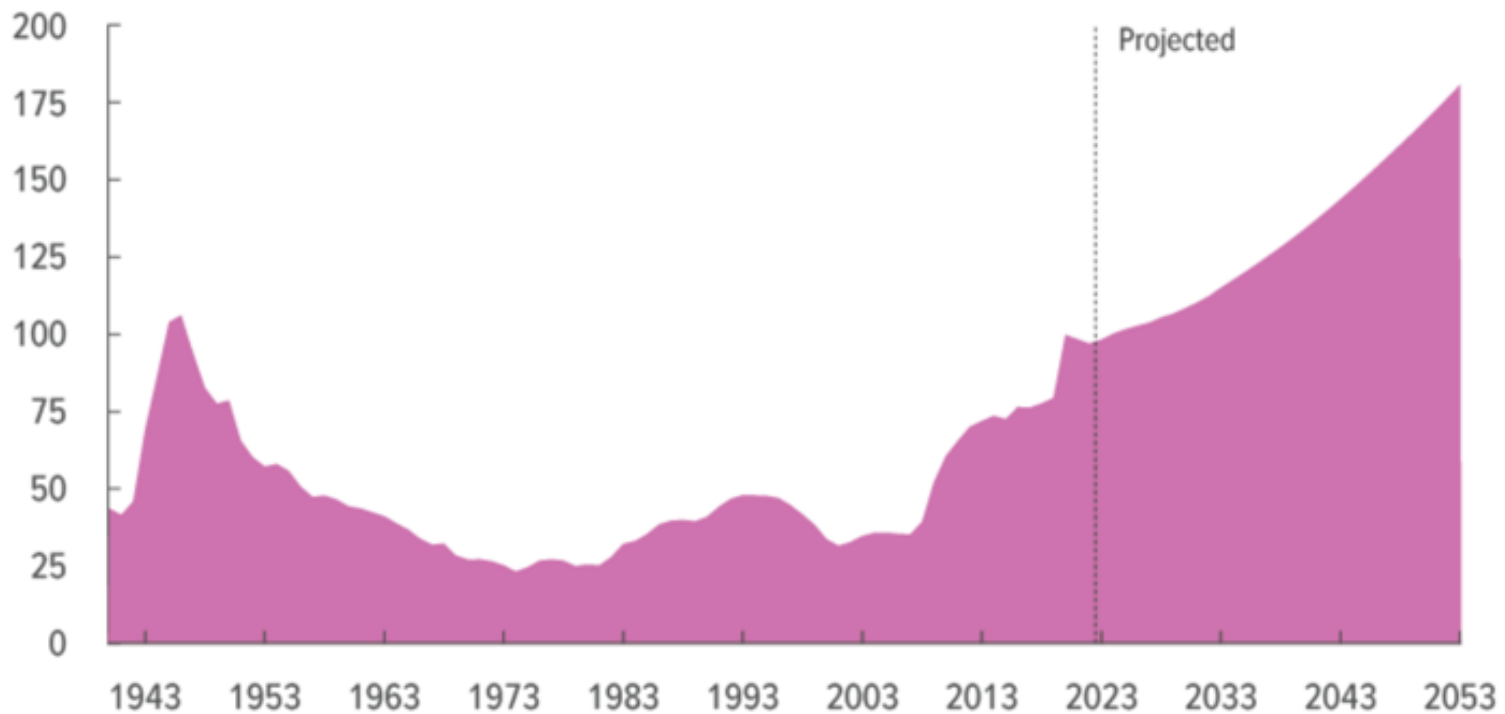
Delinquent Debt Increasing As Consumers Get Tapped Out



National Debt a Mounting Problem

Federal Debt Held by the Public

Percentage of GDP

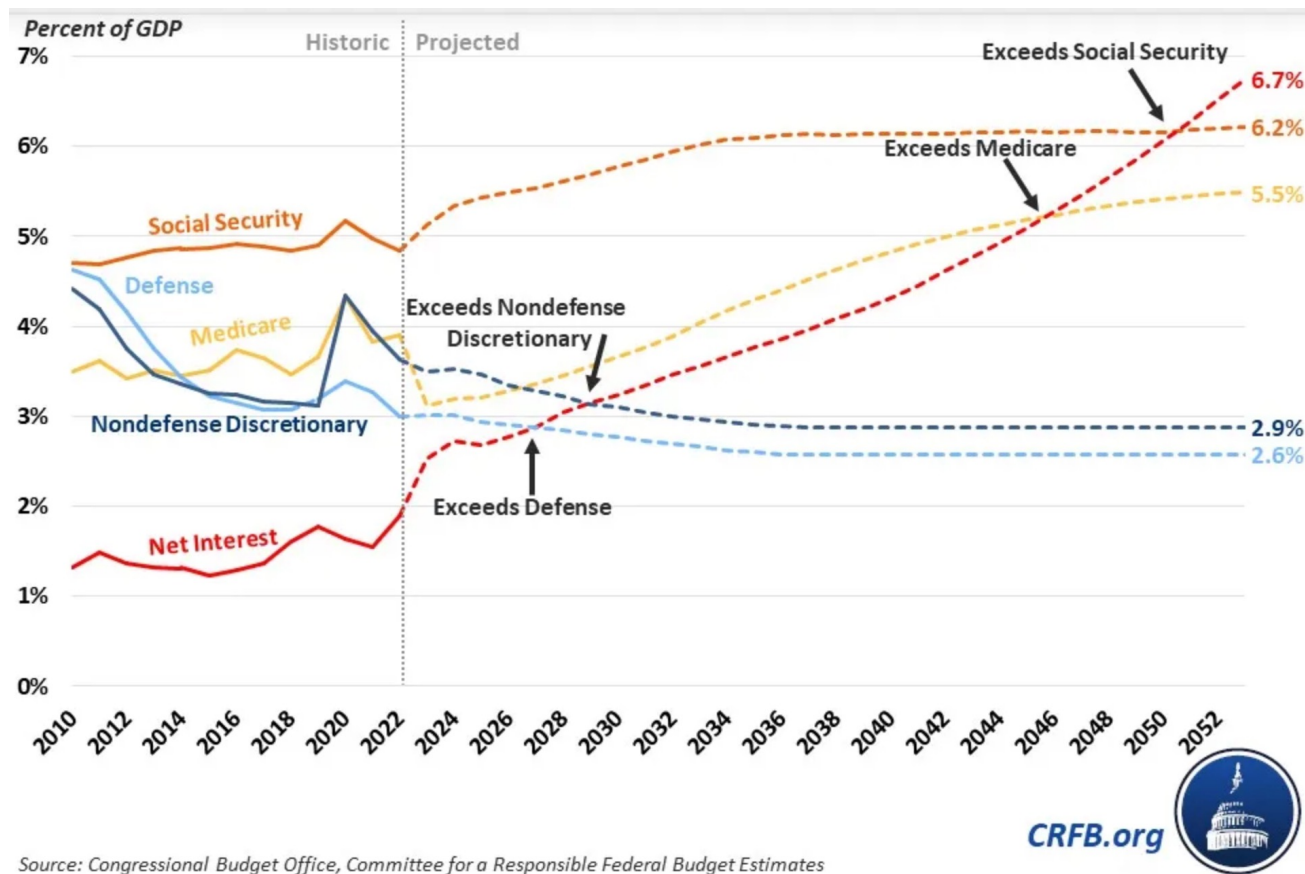


Projected

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Source: Congressional Budget Office

Servicing National Debt Crowds Out Other Programs

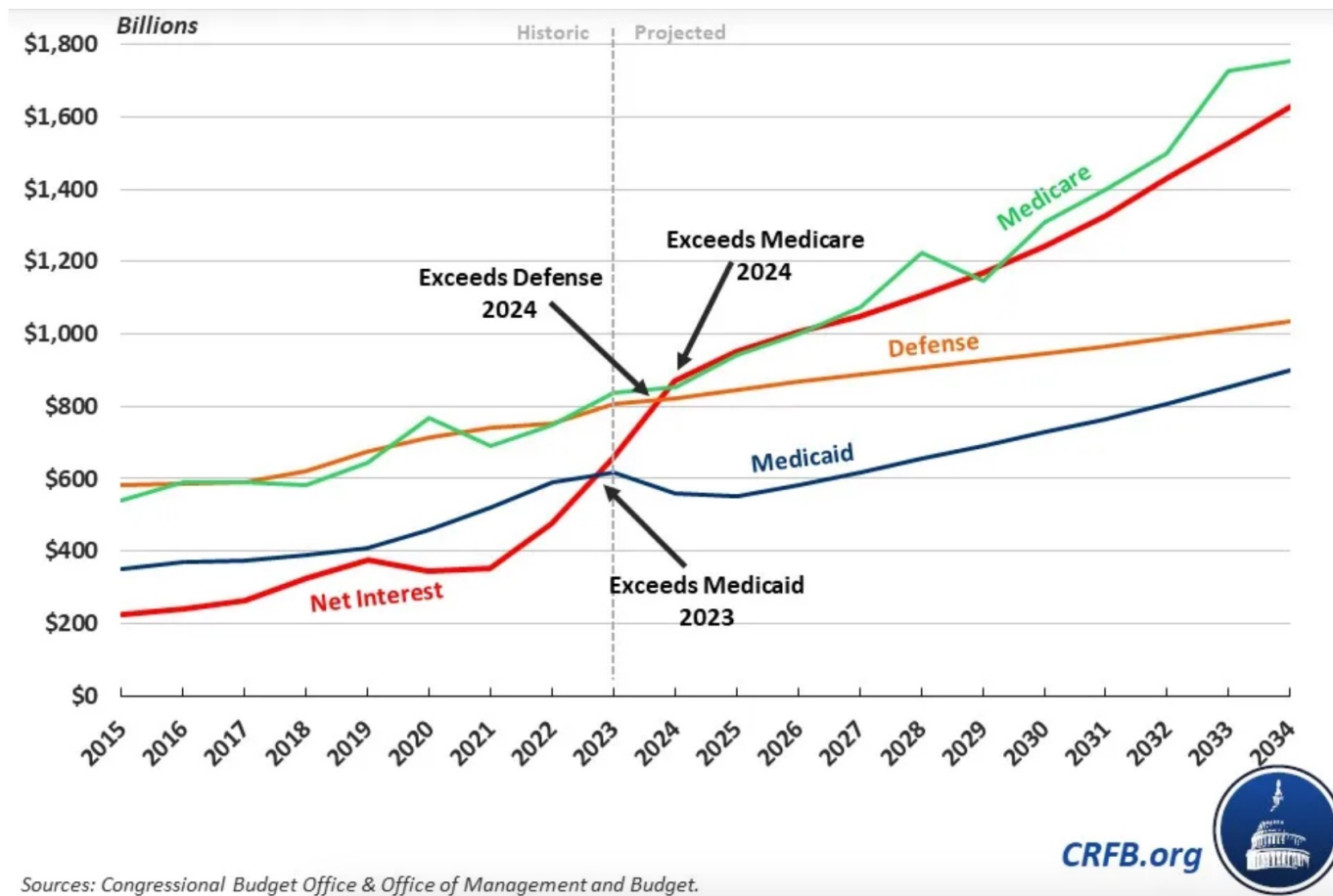


Source: Congressional Budget Office, Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget Estimates

Source: CRFB

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Servicing National Debt Crowds Out Other Programs



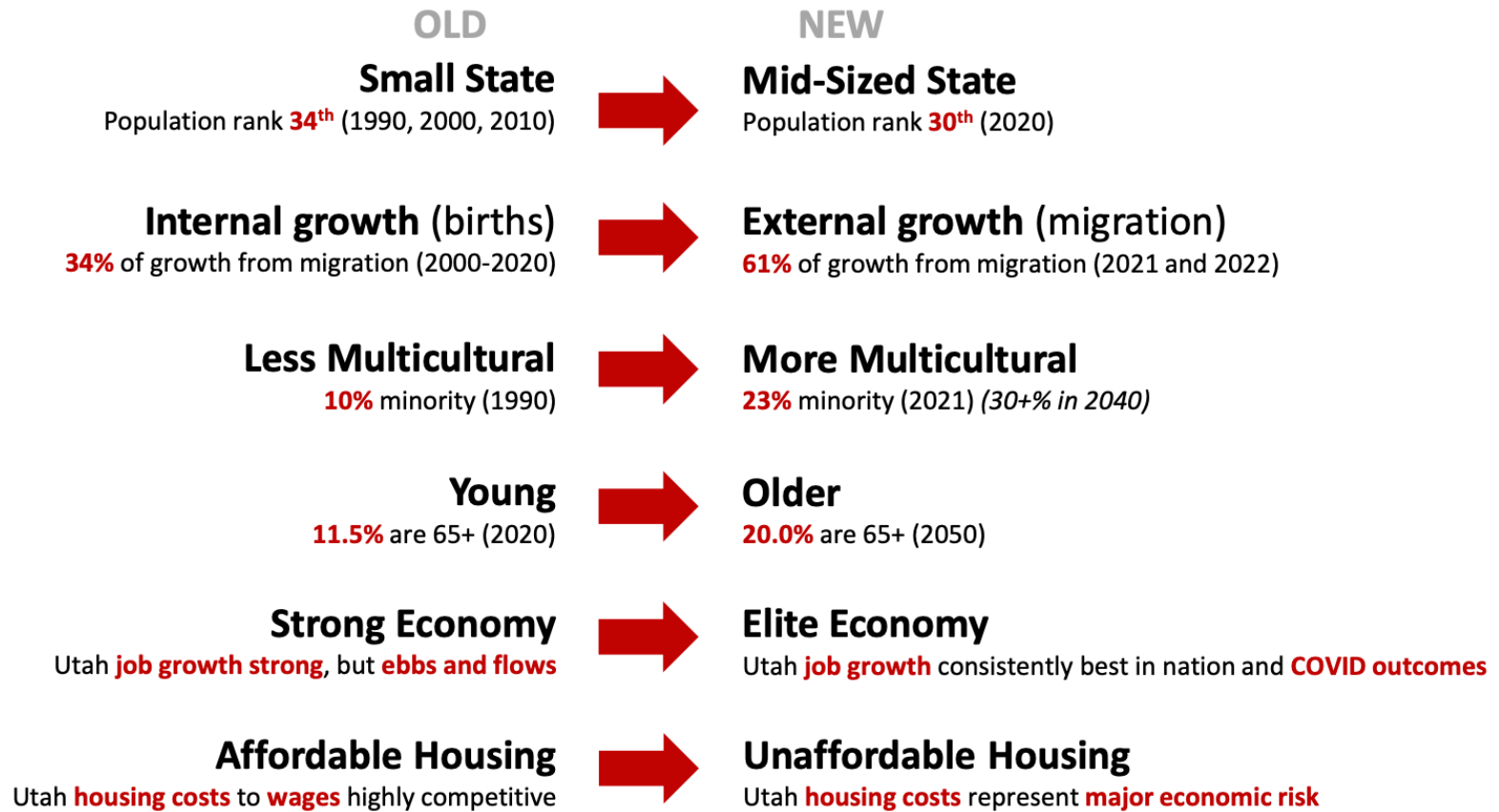
Sources: Congressional Budget Office & Office of Management and Budget.



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Regional Economic Conditions

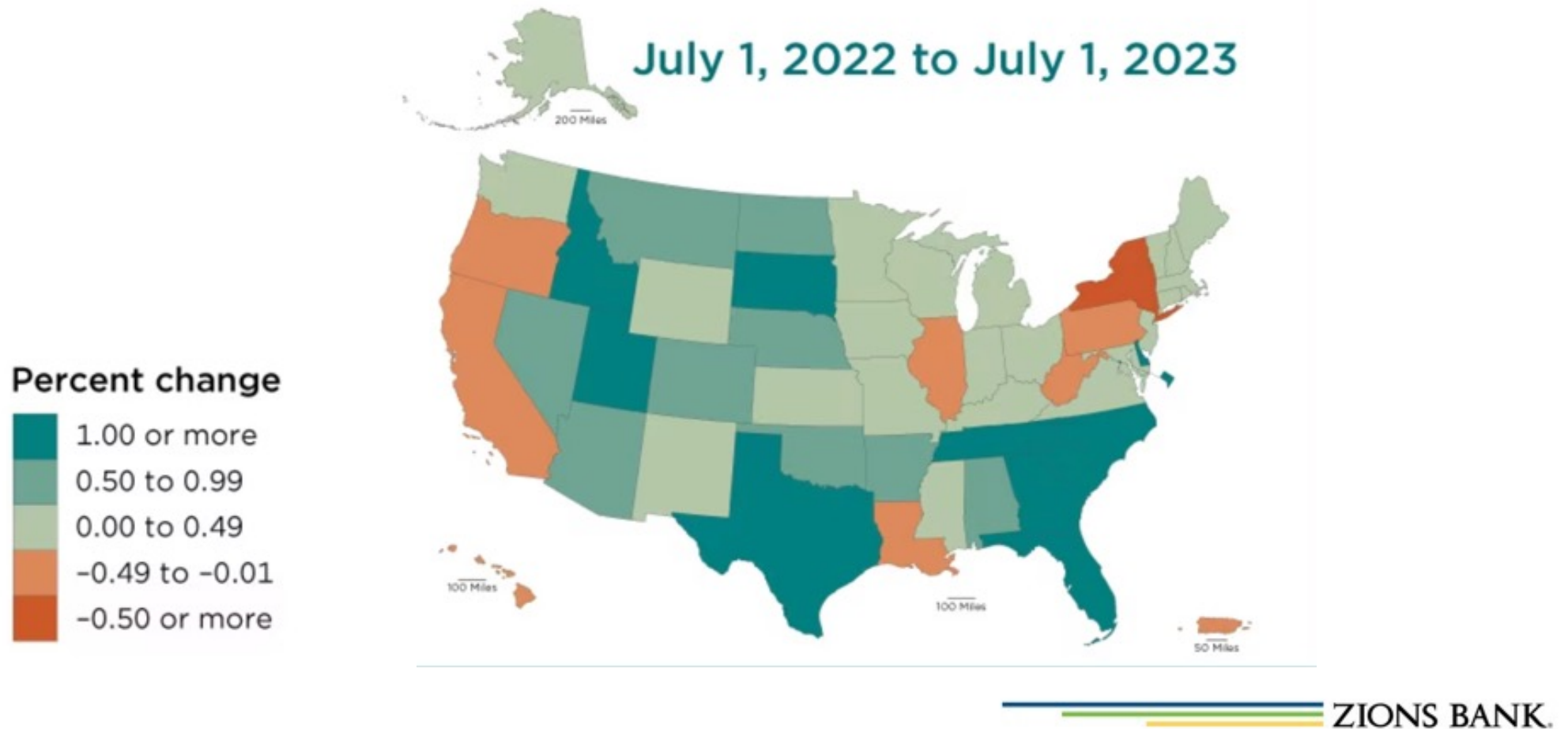
The New Utah



Source: Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute



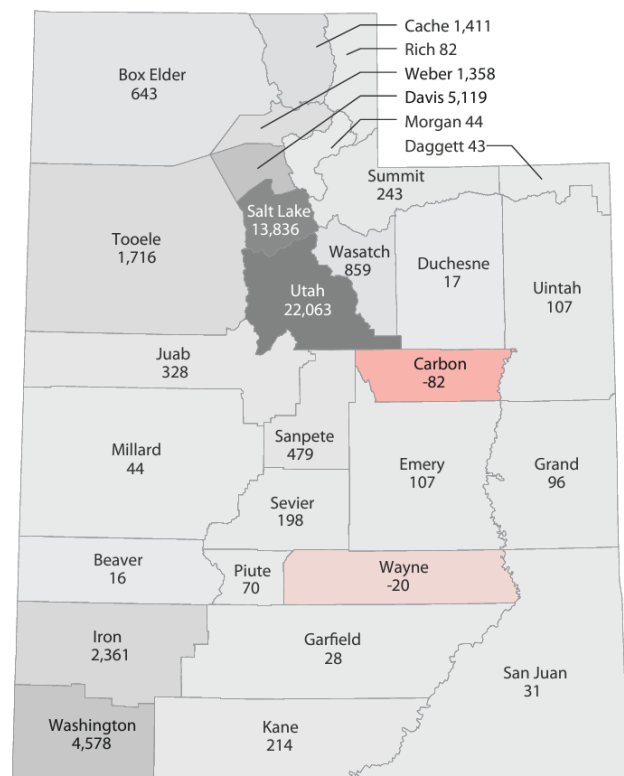
Large Differences in State Population Growth



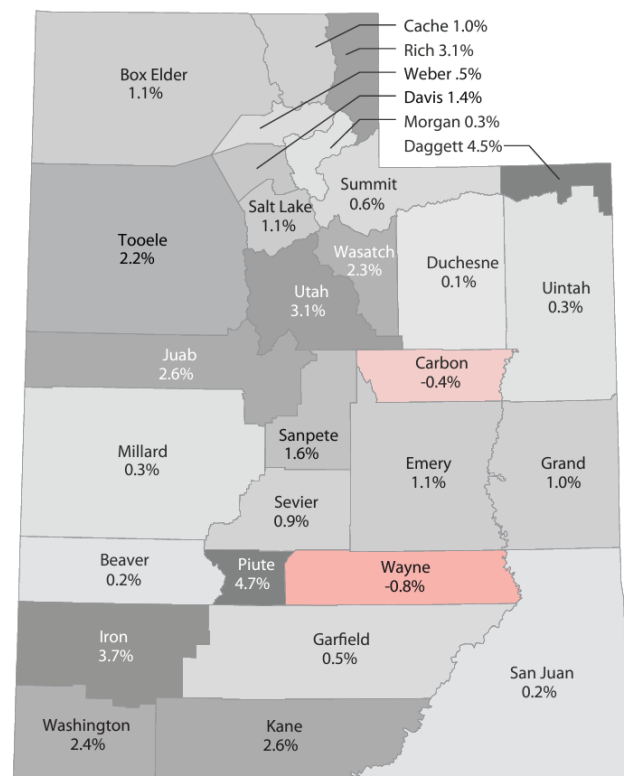
Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Most Utah Counties Grew in 2023

State of Utah
55,989



State of Utah
1.6%

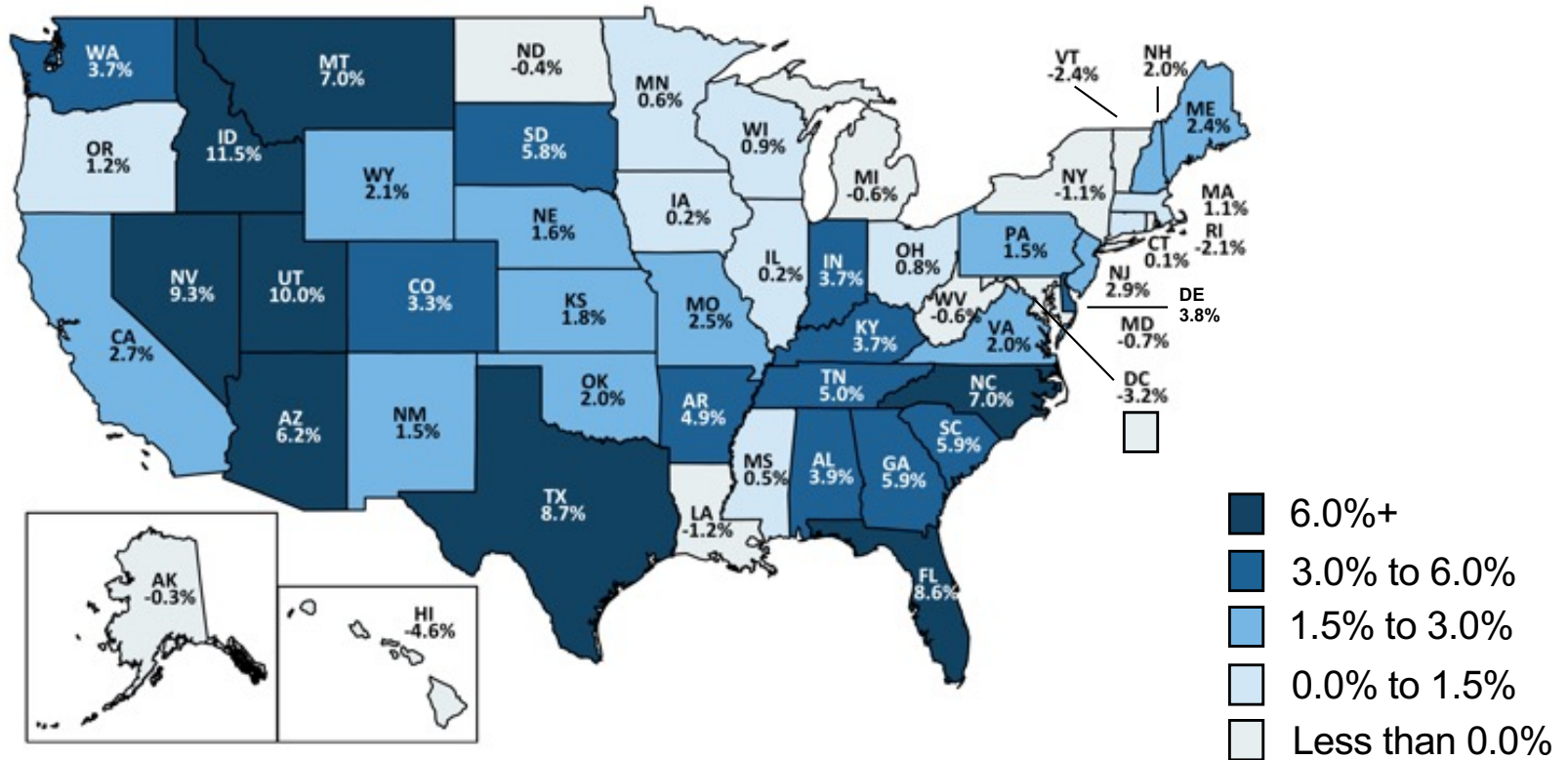


Note: 2021 and 2022 population estimates and net migration have been revised due to methodological improvements
Source: Utah Population Committee, Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute

41 States Have Positive Job Growth Since Pre-COVID

February 2020 – November 2023

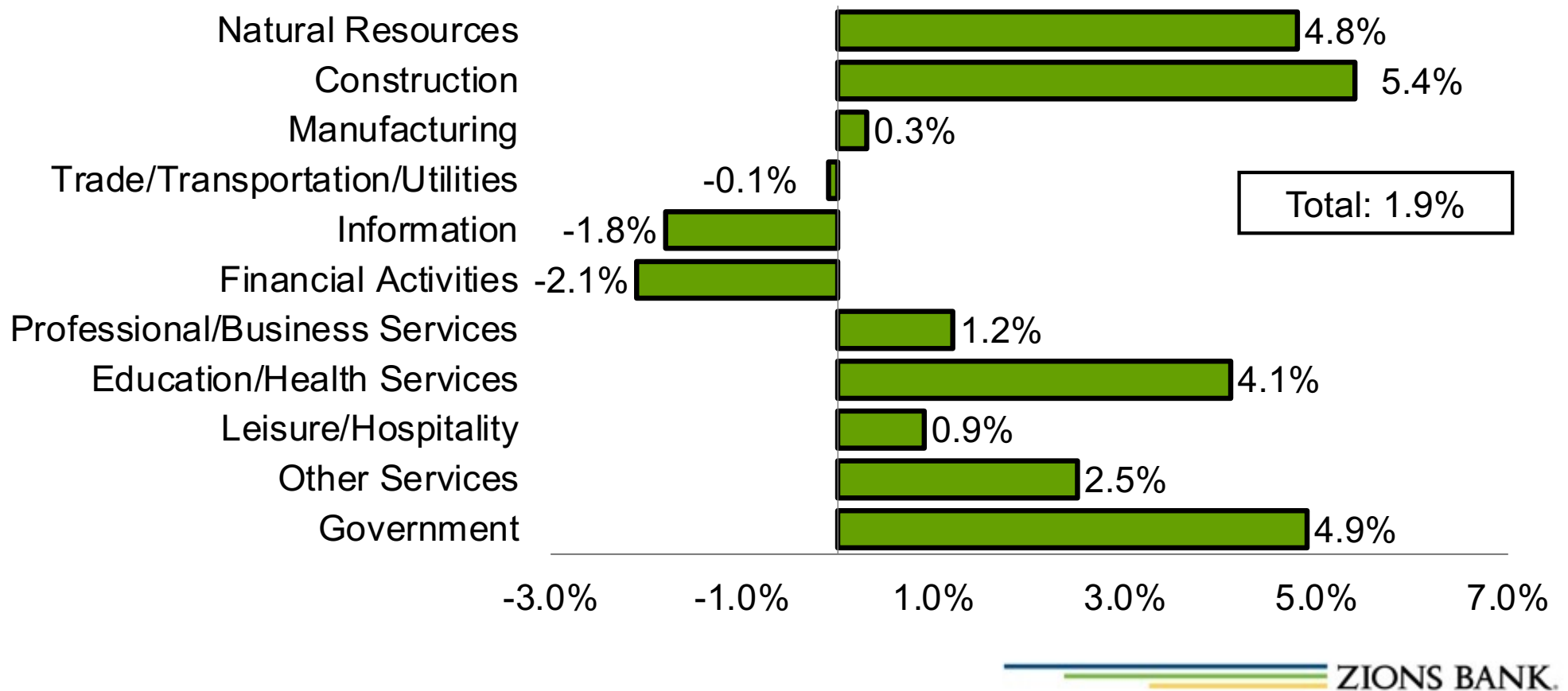
U.S. Rate = 3.1%



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Seasonally Adjusted

Most Utah Industries Grew Over the Past Year

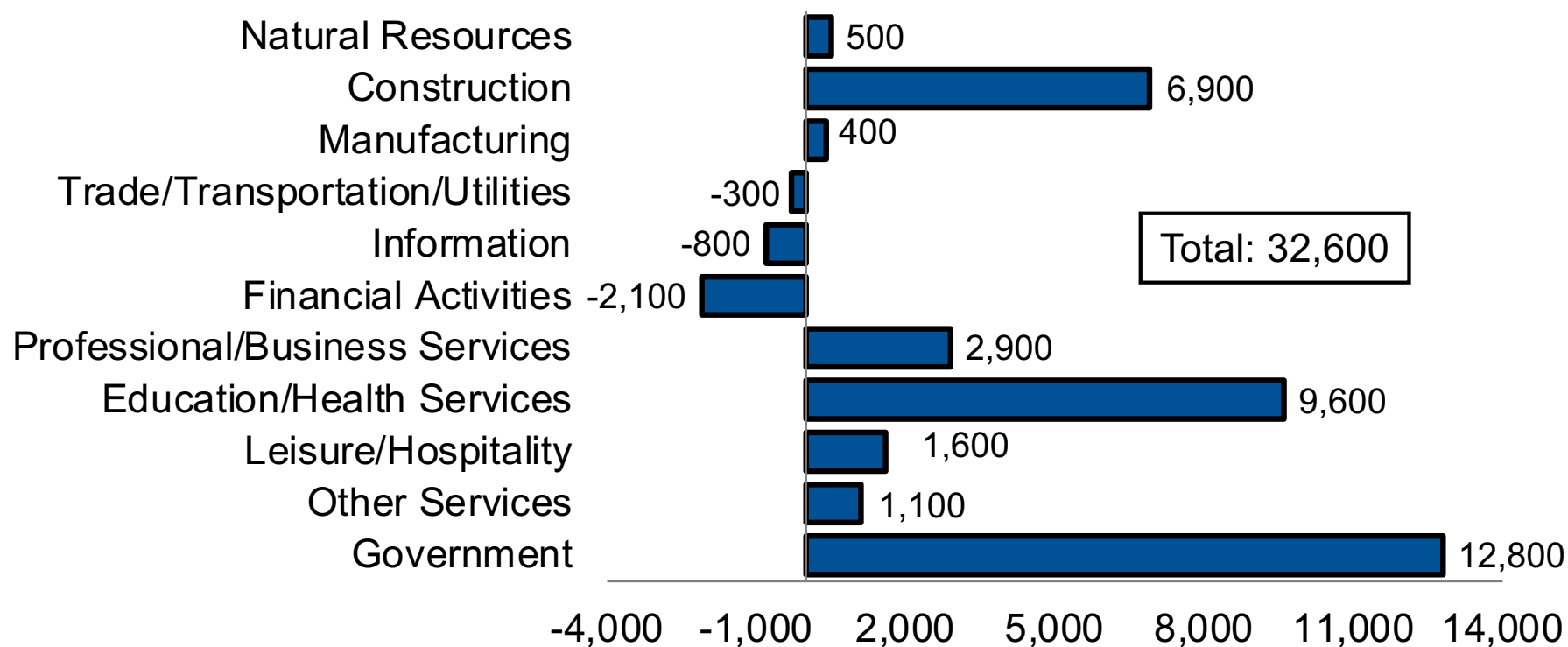
February 2023 to 2024



Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

Most Utah Industries Grew Over the Past Year

February 2023 to 2024



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Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

Utah Ranked as the Best State in America

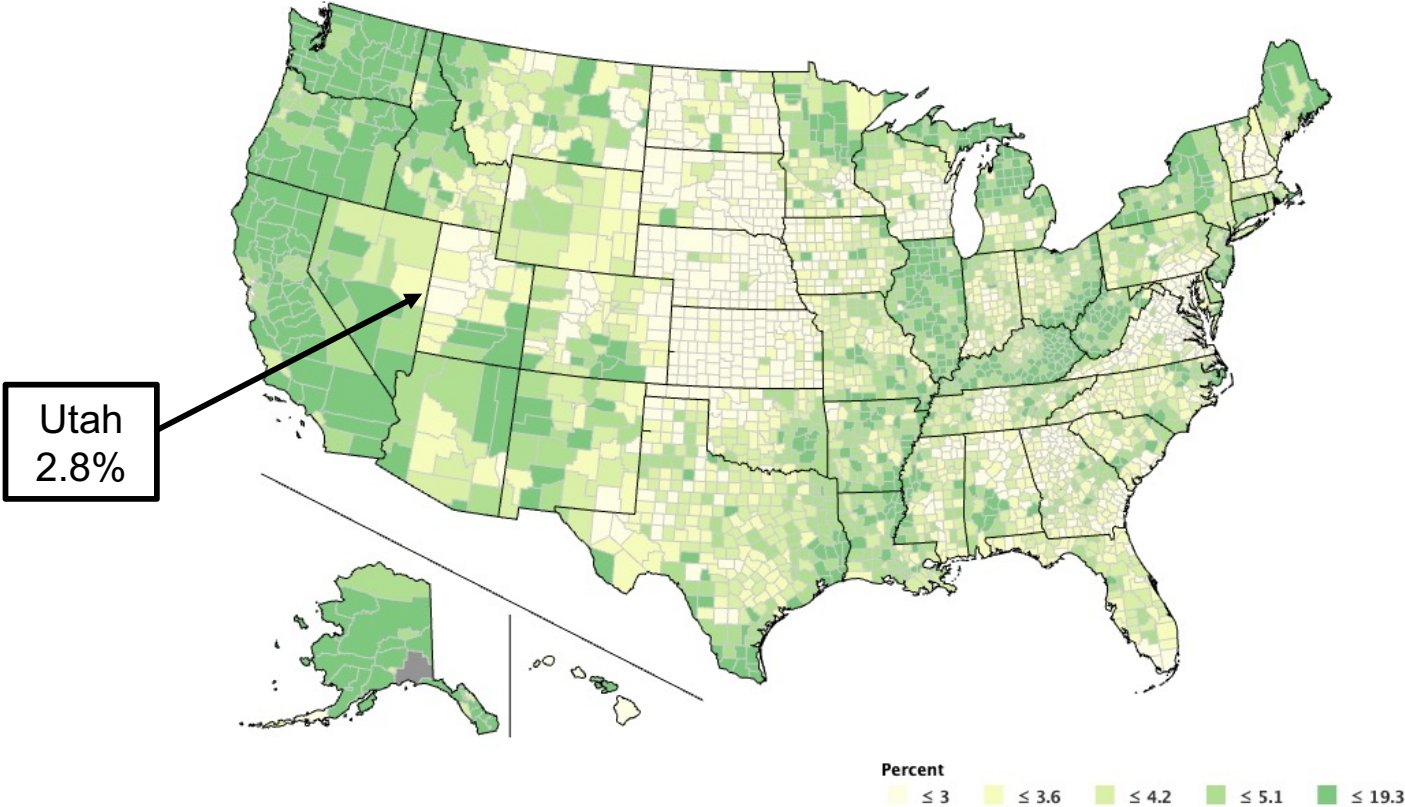
- #1 Best State Overall
- #1 Best State for Fiscal Stability
- #1 Best State for Economy

Source: U.S. News and World Report



Utah Unemployment Among Lowest in the Nation

FRED 2024 January Unemployment Rate by County (Percent)



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



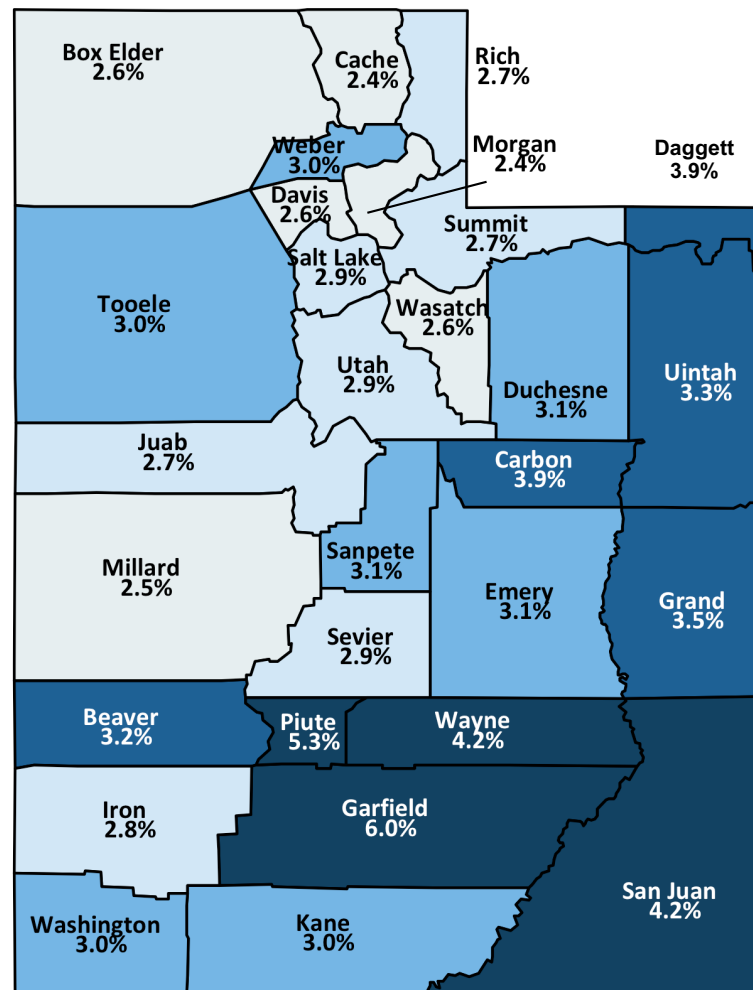
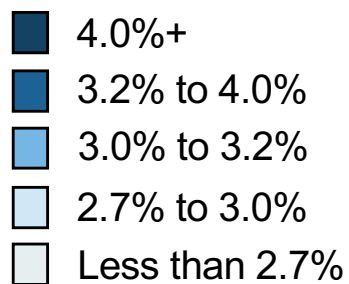
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Utah Unemployment Rates By County

February 2024

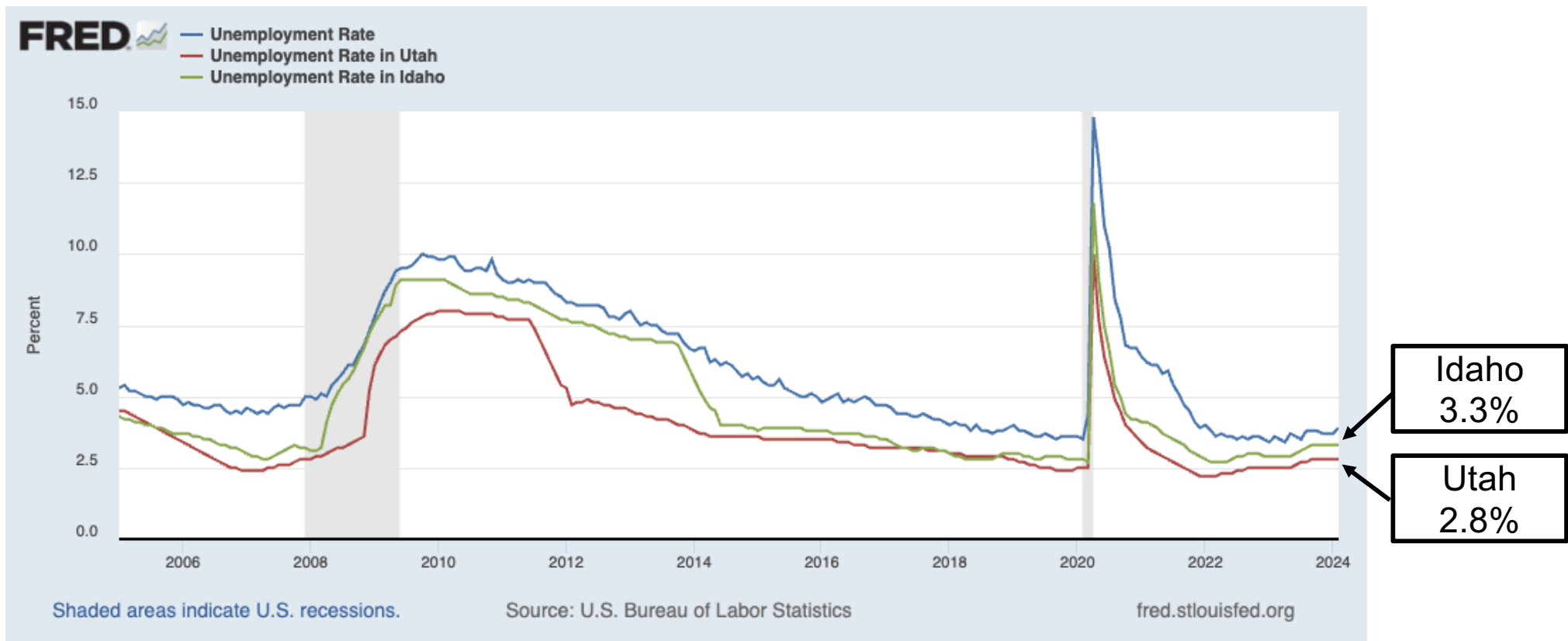
State Rate = 2.8%

Quintile Percent Ranges



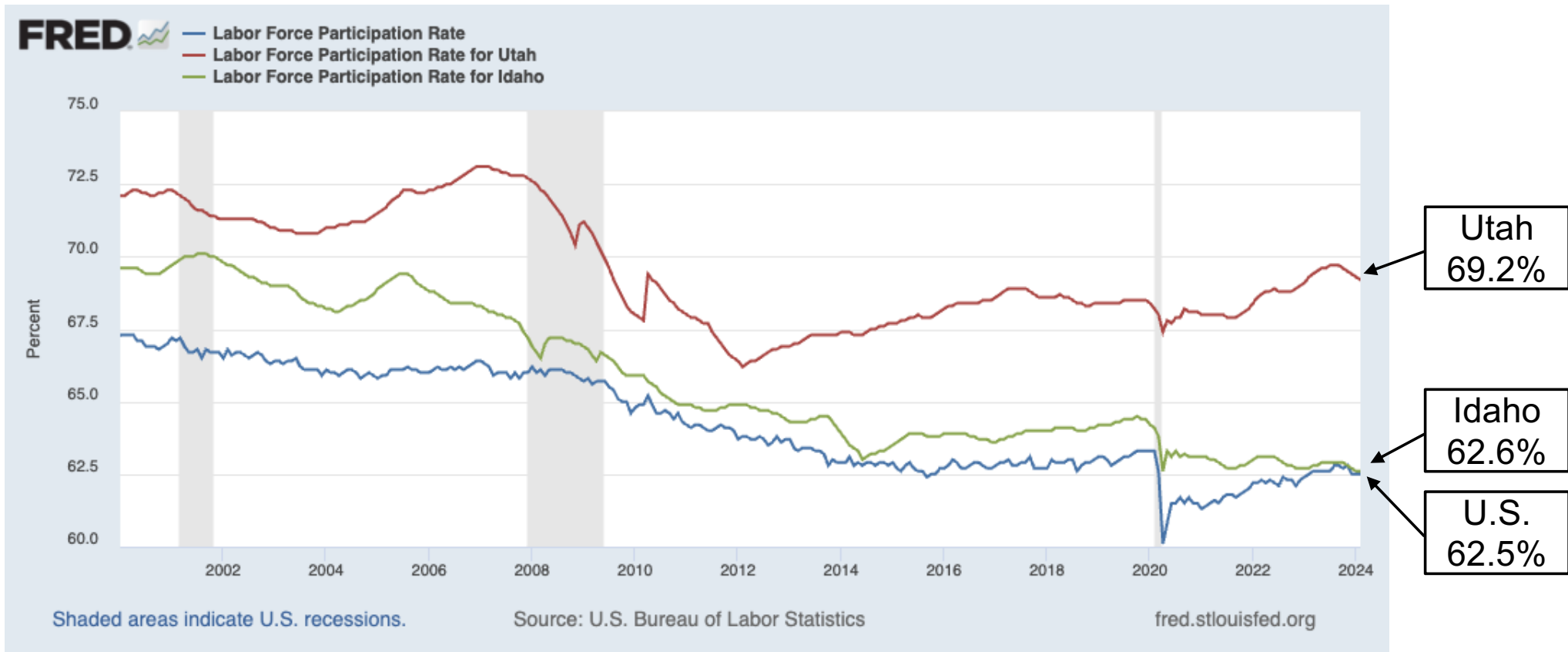
Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services
Seasonally Adjusted

State Unemployment Increasing But Low

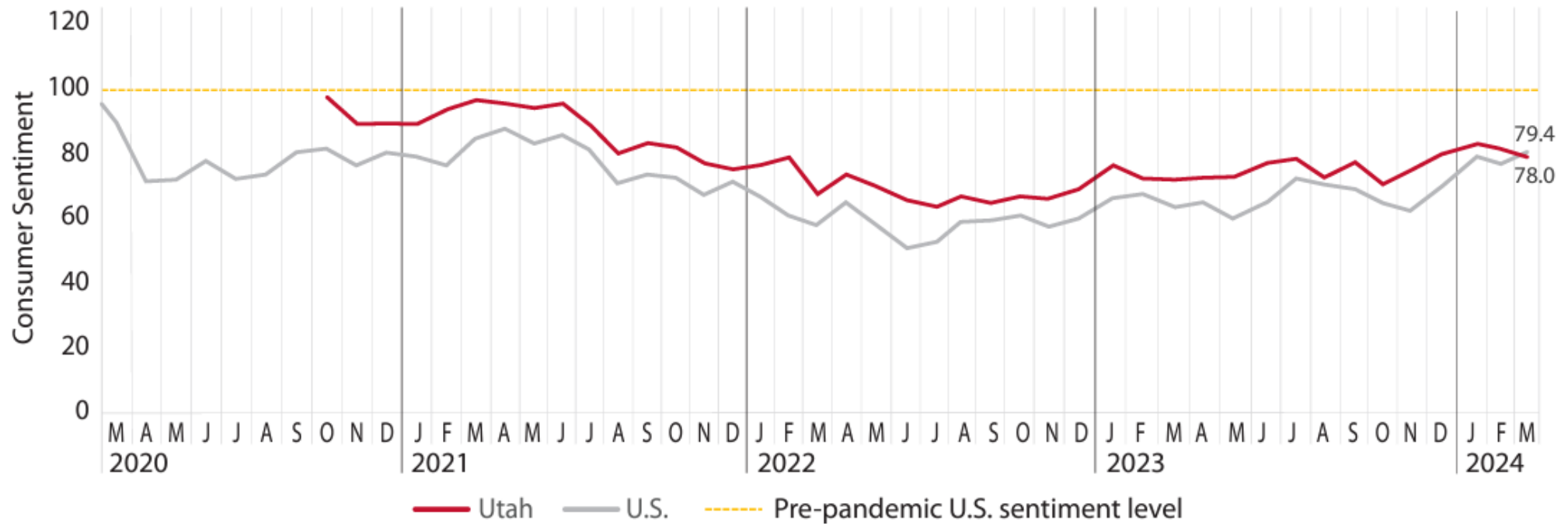


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Utah Labor Force Participation Trending Up

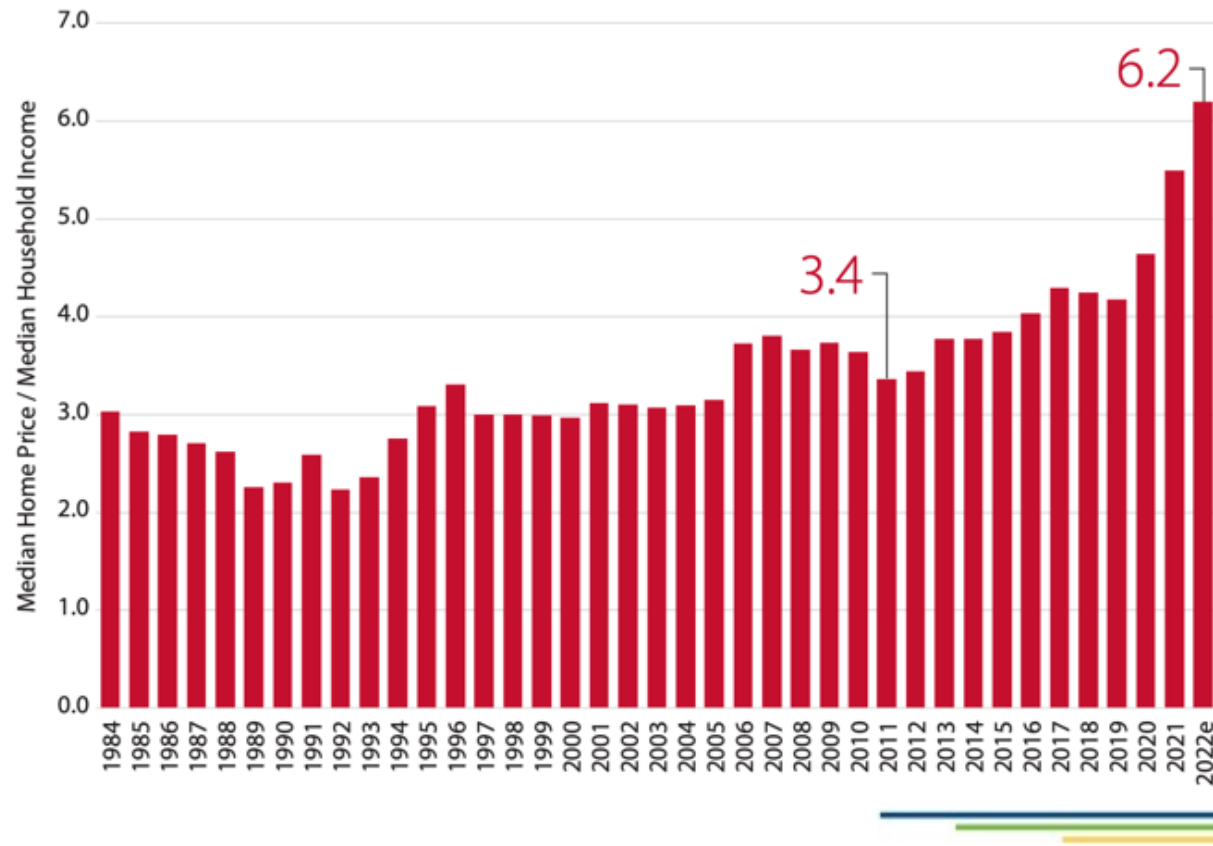


Utah Consumer Sentiment Lower than U.S.



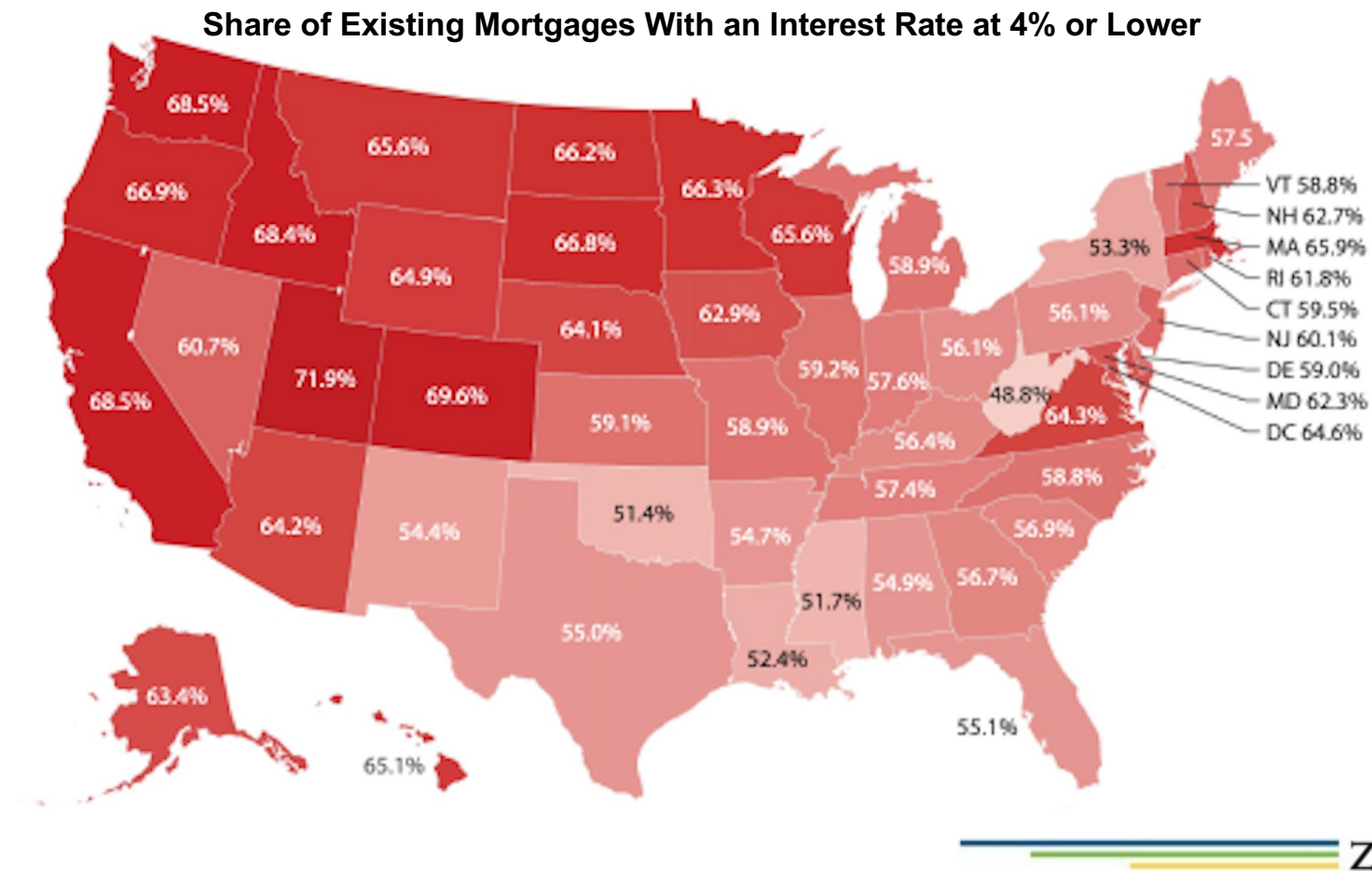
Utah Housing Is Unaffordable

RATIO OF UTAH MEDIAN HOME PRICE TO MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME, 1984–2022



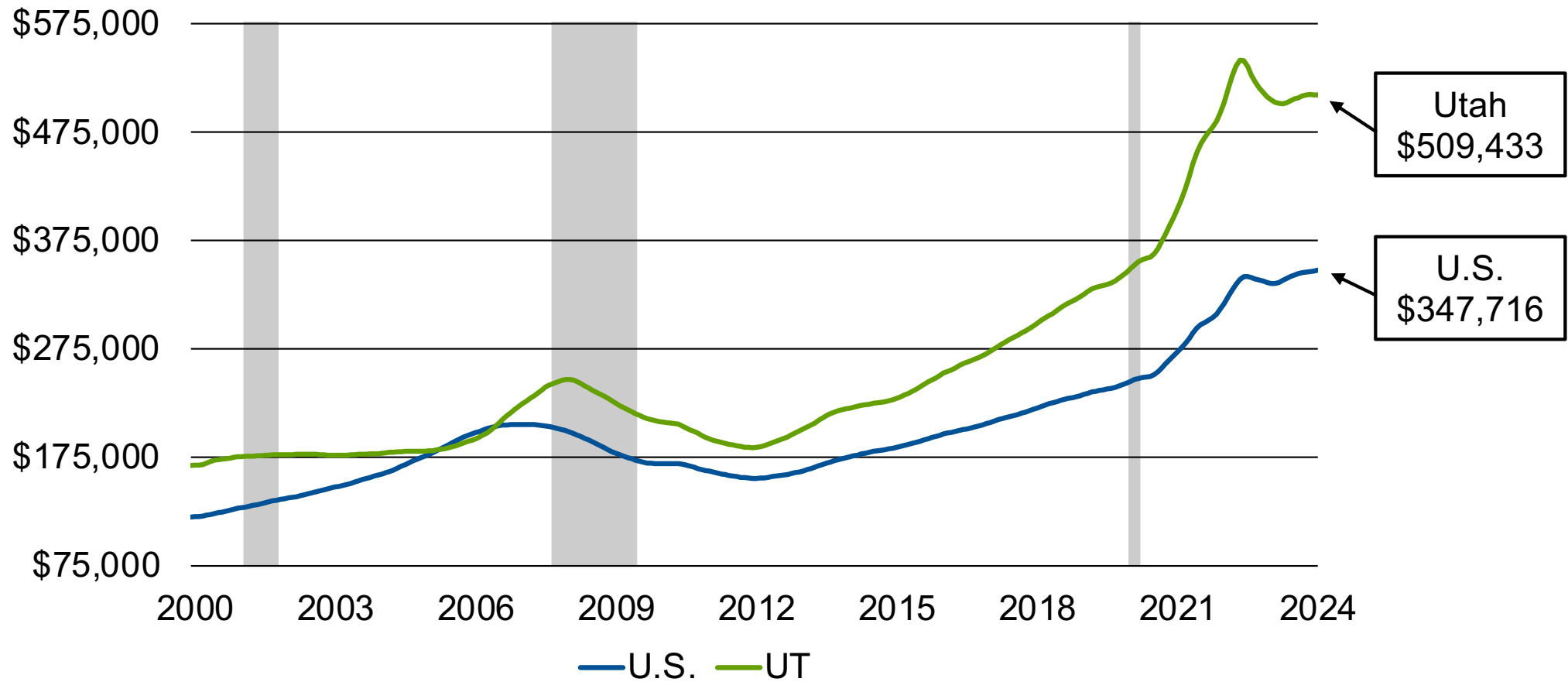
Source: Kem C Gardner Policy Institute

Utah Highest Percent of Low-Rate Mortgages



Sources: Kem C Gardner Policy Institute; Federal Housing Finance Agency

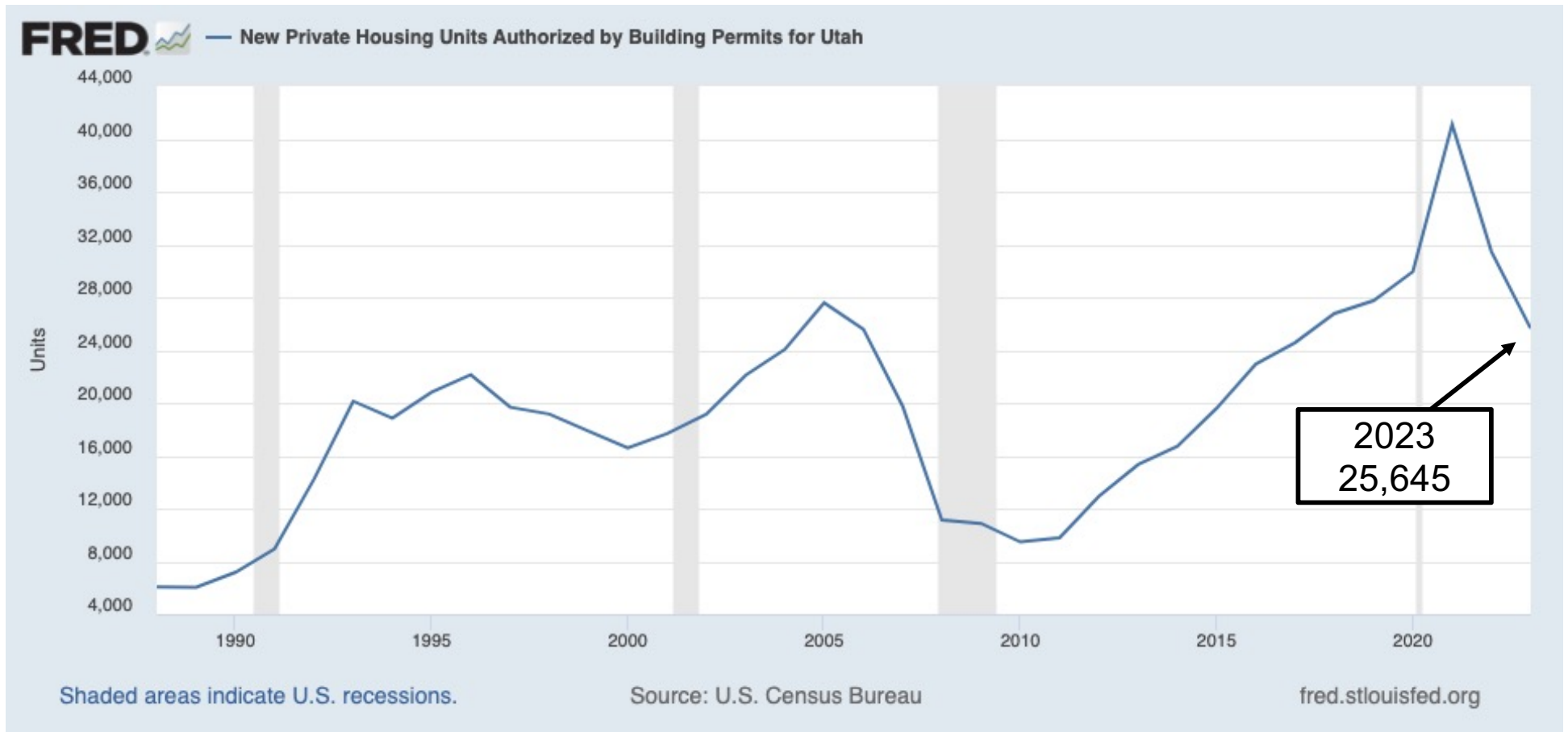
Utah Home Values Much Higher Than U.S.



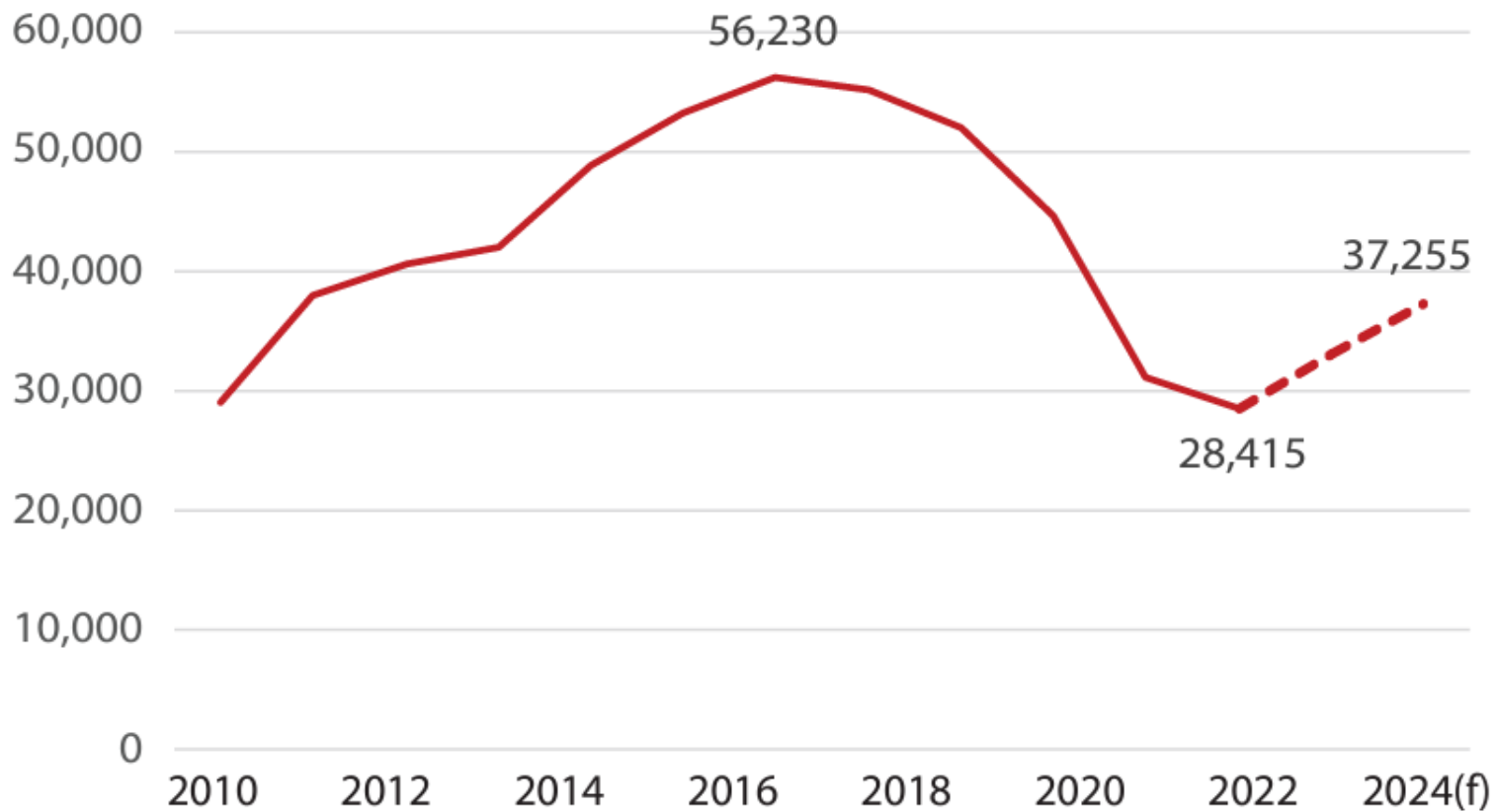
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Source: Zillow Home Value Index

Utah Building Permits Slowing

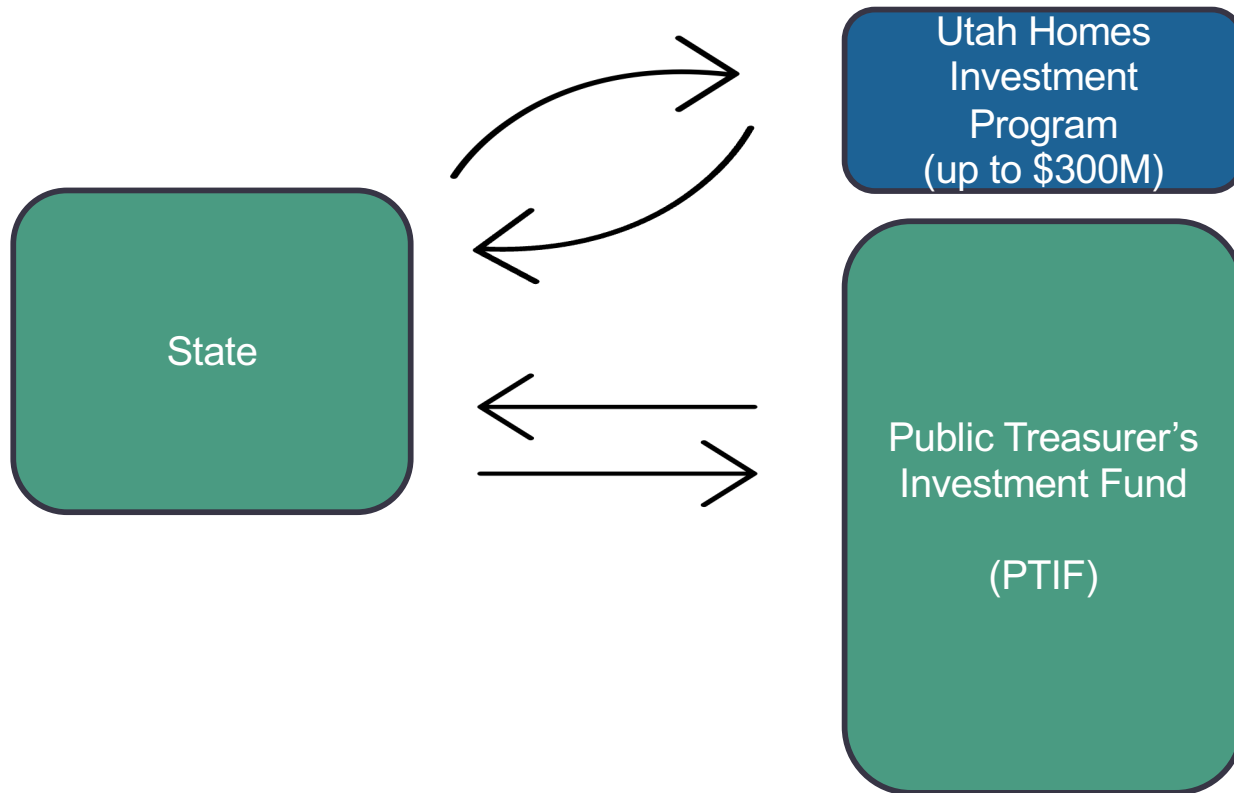


Utah's Housing Shortage is Getting Worse

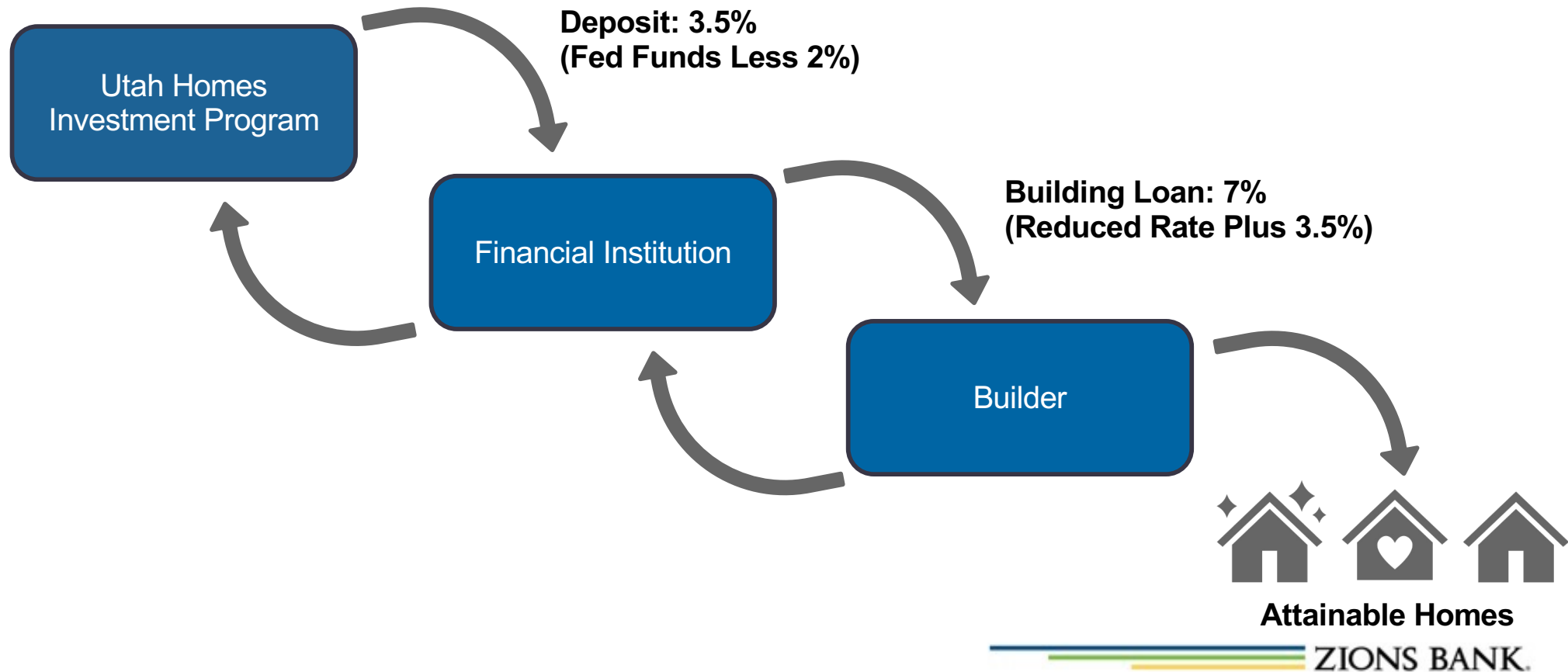


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Utah Homes Investment Program – HB572



How Will It Work?



Qualified Housing Projects



60% of homes must be affordable

Priced to qualify for the First-Time Homebuyer Program (SB 240, 2023)

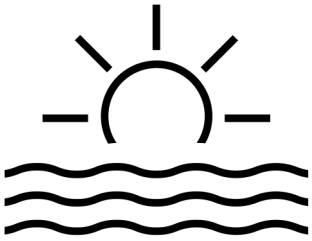


Prospective buyers must be informed about the First-Time Homebuyer Program



5-year deed-restricted for owner occupancy

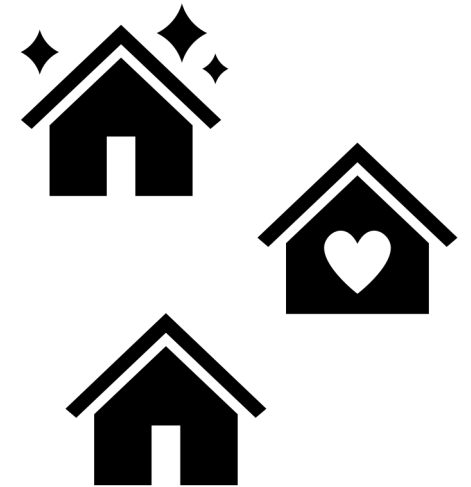
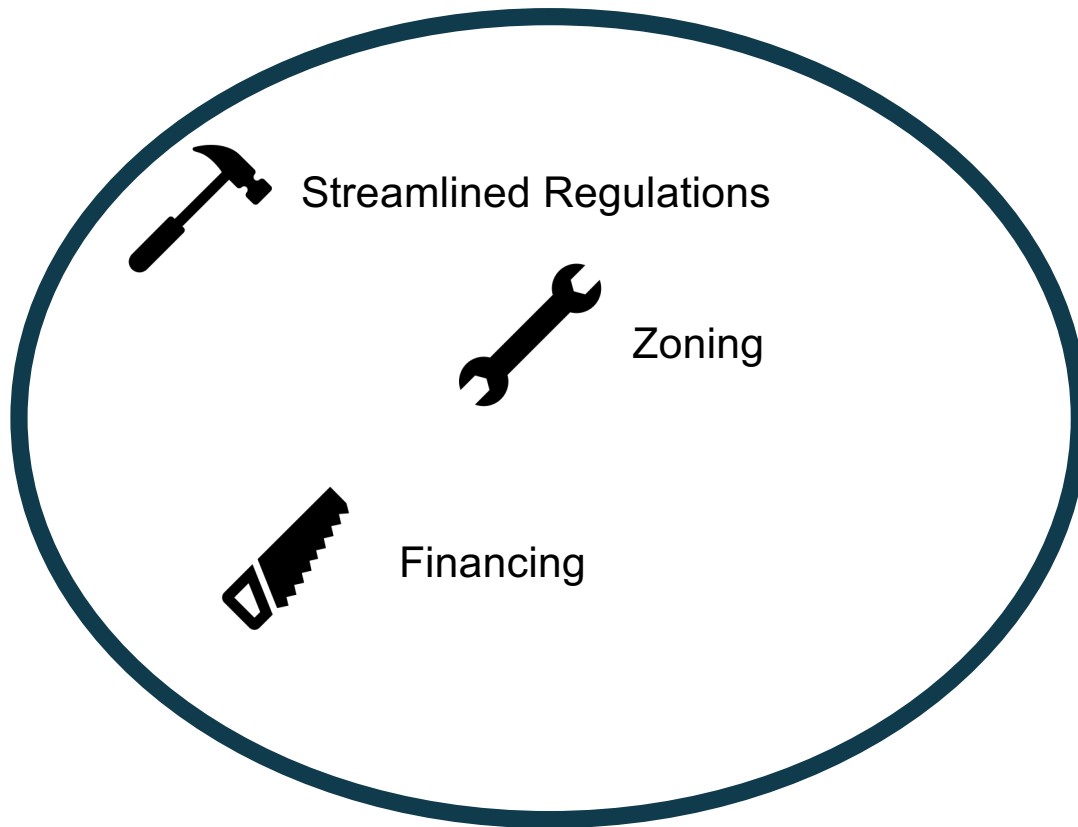
3-Year Sunset on Program



Utah Homebuyer Investment Program deposits can be made until December 31, 2025

All deposits returned to the state by July 1, 2027

One Tool in the Toolbox



2024 Economic Outlook

1. Federal Reserve rate cuts
2. Inflation will continue to slow but some areas will remain “sticky”
3. Labor market growth will slow and unemployment will increase
4. The U.S. economy will continue to slow but remains broadly resilient
5. International uncertainty and elections could add to volatility



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WE HAVEN'T FORGOTTEN
WHO KEEPS US IN BUSINESS[®]

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Senior Economist

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